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PALMER HOYT
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

THE DENVER POST

RECEIVED
OCT 28 1957
CENTRAL FILES

September 11, 1957

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Dear Jim:

Here are some extra copies of the feature article
that I told you about. I have sent a copy to the President.

It was nice to talk to you on the phone.

Warmest personal regards.

Sincerely,

PH

Palmer Hoyt

Hon. James Hagerty
The Secretary to the President
U. S. Naval Base
Newport, Rhode Island

encs.

airmail,
special delivery

CITY CHAMBER FOR TAX R

**FINANCIAL
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THE DENVER POST

The Voice of the Rocky Mountain Empire

Vol. 66, No. 41

Denver, Colo.—Climate Capital of the World

Thursday, September 12, 1957 5 Cents, 72 P

No Surrender, Faubus Vow

Stock Prices Rally Briskly On Wide Front

NEW YORK, Sept. 12. — (INS) — Prices rallied briskly for a second session on the stock market Thursday with widespread gains extending past \$4.

Selected metal, oil, chemical, shipbuilding and specialty issues were in the forefront of the advance which brought paper gains estimated at close to \$3 billion.

Prices were somewhat higher from the outset, but the greatest improvement came in afternoon dealings. Buying was prompted in part by news that military spending might be stepped up soon and a copper price rise by a custom smelter which reversed a year-long downtrend in the industry.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average closed \$6.16 higher, bringing its two-day rise to more than \$10. Rails rebounded \$1.85 and utilities were 47 cents higher.

Volume dwindled to 2,010,000 shares, a drop of 120,000 from the previous session.

Trading expanded to 1,163 issues of which a wide majority of 735 advanced and only 201 finished lower.

Investment buying continued in Gulf Oil, bringing a gain of \$4 atop a rise nearly as large in the previous session. Amerada, Jersey Standard, Texas Co. and California Standard were marked up \$1 to \$2 in the

in a firm motors sector. Douglas had a similar rise in a fractionally improved aircraft list.

Kennecott added 2½, Alcoa was bid up 2¼, and National Lead had a similar improvement among metals, and \$1 to \$2 was added by Kaiser Aluminum, Reynolds Aluminum, Anaconda, American Smelting and Magma Copper.

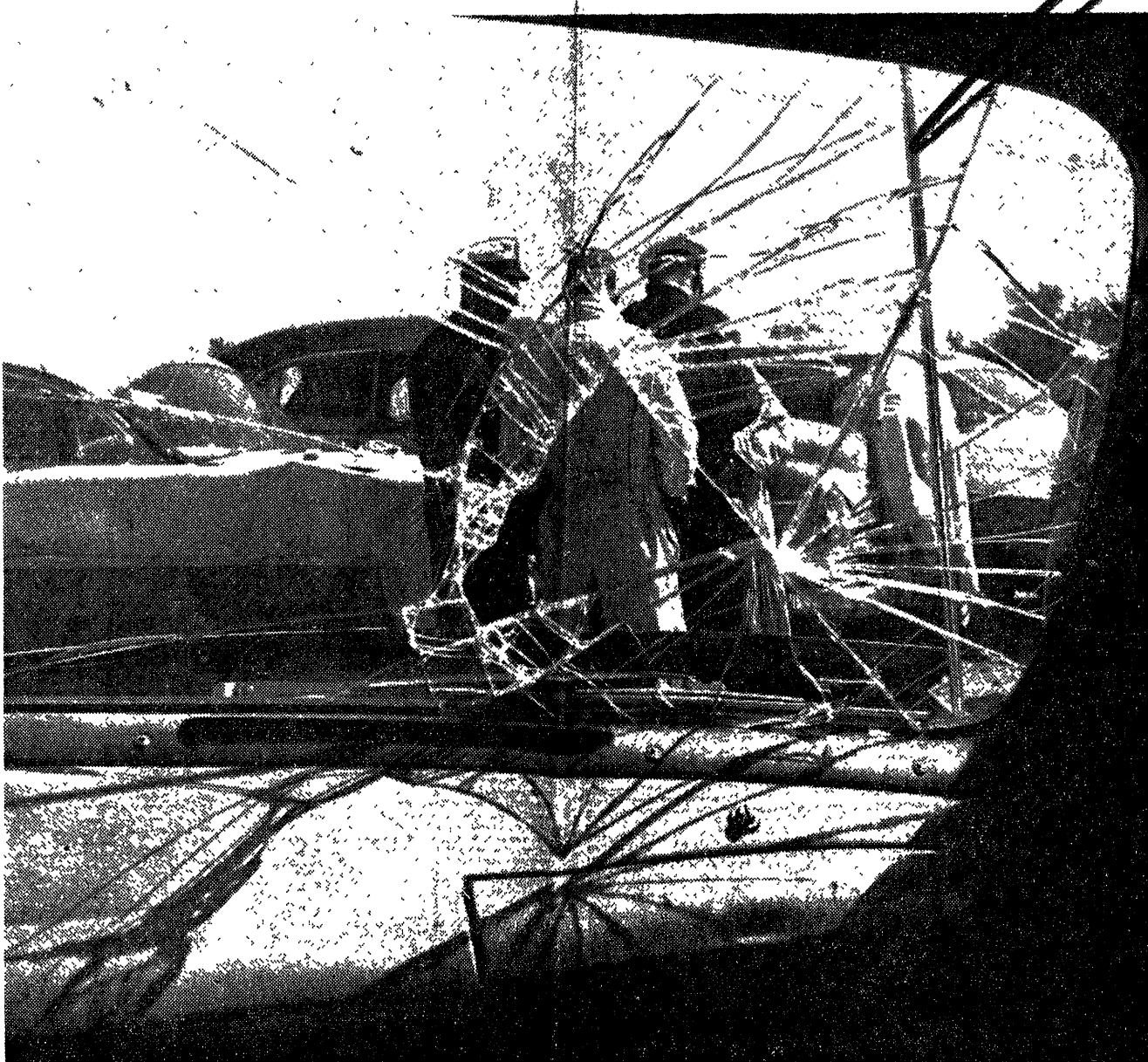
Illinois Central sold \$2 higher, Southern Railway, Northern Pacific and Kansas City Southern were ahead \$1 or more in the rails.

Panhandle Eastern climbed 1½ among utilities.

Corning Glass recovered more than \$4.

IBM and Zenith each rose past \$3 the latter benefiting from news that a decision on pay-as-you-go TV may be forthcoming soon.

On the American Stock Exchange, higher prices also prevailed. U.S. Foil B was active and up \$2, Consolidated Mining and Mead Johnson each up past a dollar, but A&P 1½ lower.



Denver Man Injured in Five-Car Crash

Photo for The Denver Post by Ed. Maker

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Vote 15-2 To Support Levy Foes

The Denver Chamber of Commerce Board of Directors Thursday voted, 15-2, to support a movement to repeal the municipal income tax, approved by City Council.

The directors, meeting at a special noon session, endorsed the "initiated petition to repeal the municipal tax ordinance." The repeal movement, already sponsored in part by the Denver Chamber, is seeking petition approval for a citizen vote to determine whether the income levy should continue.

City Council approved the income tax on final reading last week. The tax, as passed by the council, will become effective Jan. 1. Persons who earn their living in Denver will be taxed at a rate of one-half of 1 pct. on gross earnings under \$5,000 and 1 pct. of earnings higher than \$5,000.

The council also has given tentative approval to an ordinance which would allow Denverites to vote approval or disapproval of the tax levy next June 10.

The measure is scheduled for final reading Monday night.

At the same Thursday meeting the Chamber directors heard Cal Snyder, manager, charge that the City Welfare Department was responsible for waste in taxpayer money.

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NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 13. — (AP) — President Eisenhower and Arkansas Gov. Orval Faubus have arranged to confer here Saturday in an effort to settle the federal - state deadlock over Little Rock school integration.

Faubus proposed Wednesday that he and the president "counsel together" and try to resolve the impasse over school integration in Little Rock. Eisenhower promptly agreed to Faubus' proposal.

In Little Rock, sources close to Faubus made it clear the Arkansas governor has not abandoned his stand on integration.

Governor Faubus intends "to confer, not capitulate," the sources said.

Announcement of plans for the

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A decision handed down by the U. S. Supreme Court 143 years ago is certain to play an important part in the injunction proceedings instituted by the federal government against Governor Faubus.

Turn to Page 4 for a story about this important decision.

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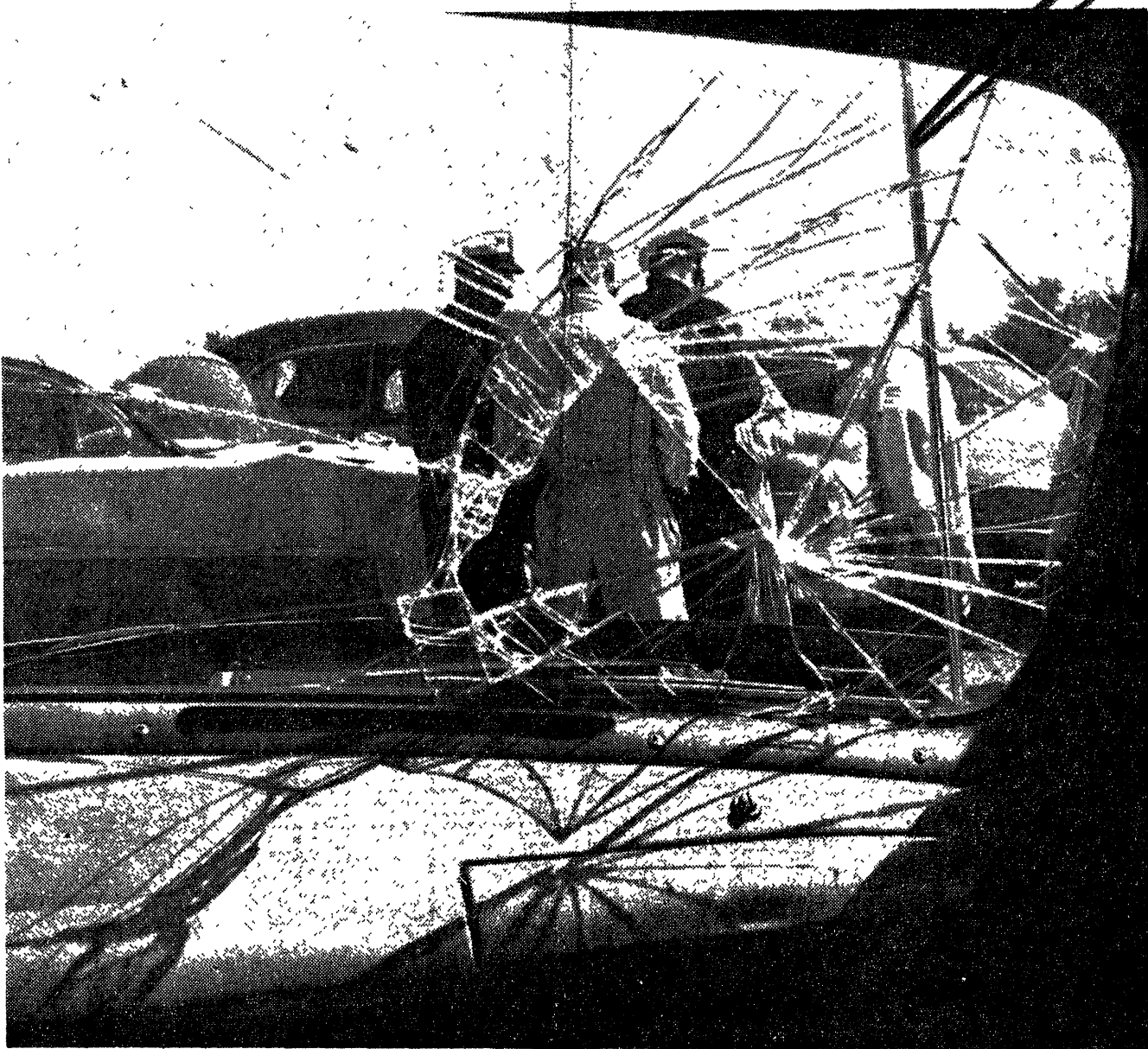


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report its 1957 sales might pass \$2 billion. Union Carbide rose 2 1/2 and Allied added 1 1/4 in a higher chemical market.

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Improvement among top grade corporates.

In commodity dealings, wool, lard, zinc and copper were improved, meat and cocoa lower.

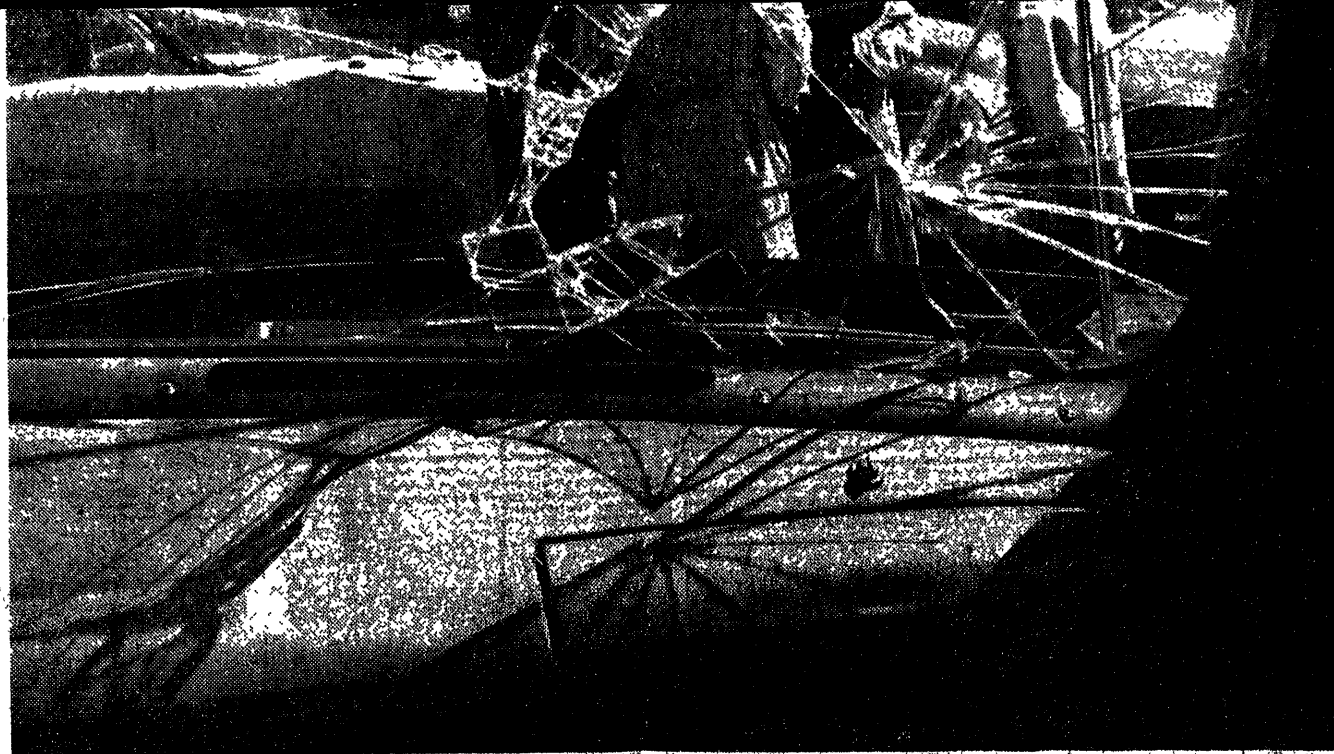


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Lefferdink In As ACE Chief

By WILLARD HASELBUSH
Post Business News Editor

Allen J. Lefferdink, president of the \$18 million Boulder Acceptance Corp., has taken over control of Allied Colorado Enterprises (ACE) a multi-million-dollar holding corporation, it was announced Thursday.

Lefferdink has been named president of ACE, a firm in which more than 6,000 Colorado stockholders have invested upwards of \$9 million. It was organized in May, 1956.

Lefferdink, 39, who has run \$500 in borrowed capital into a financial empire during 10 years in Boulder, is reported to have invested \$2 million in ACE to gain control.

The transaction puts Lefferdink in control of nearly 30 corporations, including the Brighton State Bank; the International Life Insurance Co. of the

Americas with headquarters in Puerto Rico; the Colorado Credit Life Insurance Co.; the Colorado Insurance Co.; Mountain States Securities, and a state-wide network of installment loan firms.

Thomas W. Reed of Denver, former president of ACE, remains as chairman of the board.

Lefferdink arrived in Boulder shortly after the end of World War II as an insurance salesman.

Lefferdink controls two huge firms, page 35.

LATE NEWS

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MISSING ALL NIGHT

Lost Baby Girl Found Asleep on Mine Road

By JACK ROBINSON

Denver Post Staff Writer

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Betty Colburn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Guy Colburn, 706 E. Dakota Ave., was found about a mile west of the cabin of her grandfather, Ray Colburn, in the Twelve-Mile Gulch area some five miles west of Central City.

Sid Squibb, piano player in a Central City tavern, came across the girl about 6 a. m. She was sitting in the road leading to a mine, her arms wrapped around her legs and her head on her knees.

Squibb said he called the girl's name. She opened her eyes but didn't answer and put her thumb in her mouth.

Betty's face was tear-smudged. She was cold and hungry but otherwise all right. Although wearing only a white T-shirt, blue jeans and one sneaker, she showed no ill effects from a night in temperatures that dropped to between freezing and 40 degrees.

Squibb carried the girl to her grandfather's cabin, where her parents had maintained an all-night vigil. The search by more than 100 volunteers under Sheriff C. Floyd Campbell of Gilpin County started soon after the girl wandered away from the cabin at 1 p. m. Wednesday.



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Lost tot found after night in woods.

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AMERICAN LEAGUE

At Boston— R. H. E.
Chicago 1 0 0 2 1 0 3 0 0—7 14 1
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Wilson and Lollar; Sullivan, Bauman (3), Minarcin (8) and Daley.

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Only games scheduled.

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THE WEATHER

'Tis a Privilege to Live in Colorado

Thursday—Sun rose in Denver at 5:37 a.m.; sun sets at 6:14 p.m.

DENVER TEMPERATURES FOR THE LAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS

WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY
1 p. m. 65	1 a. m. 49
2 p. m. 67	2 a. m. 48
3 p. m. 69	3 a. m. 48
4 p. m. 69	4 a. m. 48
5 p. m. 69	5 a. m. 47
6 p. m. 66	6 a. m. 48
7 p. m. 61	7 a. m. 51
8 p. m. 59	8 a. m. 57
9 p. m. 57	9 a. m. 62
10 p. m. 53	10 a. m. 66
11 p. m. 52	11 a. m. 70
12 midnight. 50	12 noon 73

Denver pollen count for the 24 hours ended at 7 a. m. Thursday was: ragweed 16, sage 3, alternaria 15, and other 8; total 42.

Denver radioactivity count for the 24 hours ended at 9 a. m. Thursday was 00006 microcuries. Normal for this area is .00002 microcuries.

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Denver and Vicinity (Radius of 20 Miles)—Cloudy with few showers Thursday night. Partly cloudy and cooler Friday. Low Thursday night 45 to 50; high Friday near 65.

Colorado—Fair west, cloudy elsewhere Thursday night and Friday. Showers Thursday night and southeast Friday. Cooler east Friday.

Wyoming—Partly cloudy, Thursday night and Friday. Showers southeast Thursday night. Warmer north Friday.

U. S. WEATHER REPORT AND WEATHER MAP ON PAGE 63.

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Empire Oil Roundup	63	Weather Map	63
Foreign News	10	Women's Pages	38-42

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Saturday meeting came after Eisenhower had denounced reports that White House aides felt Faubus had "thrown in the sponge."

James G. Hagerty, White House press secretary, said the President had ordered him to hit out at what Hagerty termed "radio and television comment" attributing such a view to Eisenhower aides.

Hagerty, obviously in an angry mood, did not identify the TV and radio newscasts.

Such a telecast was made by Charles Von Fremd of the Columbia Broadcasting System.

Von Fremd said in a later broadcast that he still stood by the report, but he did not identify the White House aides quoted in the report.

Hagerty said there are only three White House aides with the president at his vacation headquarters. He named them as Capt. E. P. Aurand, Eisenhower's naval aide; Wayne Hawks, chief of White House records; and himself.

Faubus called practical politician. Story page 5.

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Steve Thankful He's Not in Faubus' Boer

Gov. Steve McNichols said Thursday he could not comment on actions of Gov. Orval Faubus of Arkansas, except to say, "I just thank God that I'm not him."

Asked his views on use of the National Guard in the segregation issue in Arkansas, McNichols said, "When the Supreme Court interprets the Constitution and makes a pronouncement, there's nothing you can do but follow it."

"Colorado has no segregation problem, but it's different in the South. I can't say anything about the governor of Arkansas' problem. I don't know enough of the facts."

The governor spoke at a meeting of the Mile-Hi Optimist Club in the Cosmopolitan Hotel.

JORDAN KING RETURNS

BARCELONA, Spain, Sept. 12.—(AP)—King Hussein of Jordan left Thursday by plane for Amman after a 16-day private visit to Spain.

Fire Damages Atomic Plant

A "spontaneous combustion" fire caused at least \$50,000 damage Wednesday night and early Thursday in a main manufacturing building at the super-secret Rocky Flats atomic plant 10 miles northwest of Denver.

Atomic energy commission officials said the fire resulted in "no spread of radioactive contamination of any consequence."

A spokesman for Seth Woodruff, manager of the Rocky Flats office of the AEC, said there was "possibly" some spread.

But if so, the spread was so slight it could not immediately be distinguished from radioactive background at the plant, he said.

The spokesman said the fire broke out "from spontaneous combustion" in a processing line in one of the main buildings about 10:30 p. m. Wednesday.

WELL GUARDED SECRET

Flames spread to other parts of the building, he said, via the ventilating system.

Work at the plant is a highly guarded secret. The plant is operated for the AEC by the Dow Chemical Corp.

The AEC spokesman declined to describe further the "processing line." He said radioactive materials were located in the building, but

would not describe their relationship to the fire.

Damage was slight at the point where the fire started, he said. Most damage was in the building's ventilating system.

The plant fire department stopped the spread of the fire almost immediately, the spokesman said. Flames inside the ventilating system were not extinguished until after dawn Thursday.

The spokesman declined to say if fire damage was so extensive that work schedules in the building had been interrupted.

The fire was contained inside the building. Little smoke and no flames were visible from outside.

The occupational health unit of the state health department said it recorded no radioactive contamination of the air at its downtown checking station early Thursday which might be attributed to the AEC plant fire. A health department official said any contamination resulting from the fire probably would stay in the building.

G.F.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 16, 1957

MEMORANDUM FOR GOVERNOR ADAMS

FROM: Maxwell M. Rabb

Pres. at
Senator Bush had his office call me to say that he was going to give out the following statement which he hoped was all right with the White House:

65-109-13
"I am amazed at the brazen attack of certain Democratic Advisory Council members in which they chastise President Eisenhower for 'failing in his duties' to exercise leadership in the Little Rock affair."

This statement of this Left Wing group is obviously an attempt to cover up the frightful split in the Democratic Party itself. It is a cheap effort to embarrass the President of the United States in his handling of an exceedingly delicate situation unnecessarily created by a Democratic Party Governor.

The President is proceeding in line with policy laid down in the Civil Rights section of the Republican Platform of 1956 and he deserves the support of all citizens genuinely interested in promoting integration."

ROUTE SLIP
(To Remain With Correspondence)

TO Mr. Rabb

PROMPT HANDLING IS ESSENTIAL. WHEN DRAFT REPLY IS REQUESTED THE BASIC CORRESPONDENCE MUST BE RETURNED. IF ANY DELAY IN SUBMISSION OF DRAFT REPLY IS ENCOUNTERED, PLEASE TELEPHONE OFFICE OF THE STAFF SECRETARY.

Date September 18, 1957

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

ACTION: Comment _____

Draft reply _____

For direct reply _____

For your information _____

For necessary action _____

For appropriate handling x _____

See below _____

Remarks:

GPO 16-71264-1

By direction of the President:

A. J. GOODPASTER
Staff Secretary

Telephone
MUrray Hill 2-0500

Original removed from files for preservation purposes, bc, 12/11/97



425 LEXINGTON AVENUE
New York 17, N. Y.

September 13, 1957

SEP 16 9 16 AM '57
RECEIVED
THE WHITE HOUSE

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

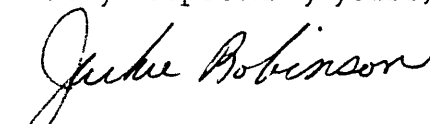
My dear Mr. President:

A few days ago I read your statement in the papers advising patience. We are wondering to whom you are referring to when you say we must be patient. It is easy for those who haven't felt the evils of a prejudiced society to urge it, but for us who as Americans have patiently waited all these years for the rights supposedly guaranteed us under our Constitution, it is not an easy task. Nevertheless, we have done it.

It appears to me now, Mr. President, that under the circumstances the prestige of your office must be exerted. A mere statement that you don't like violence is not enough. In my opinion, people the world over would hail you if you made a statement that would clearly put your office behind the efforts for civil rights. As it is now, you see what the Communist nations are doing with the material we have given them.

I am aware, Mr. President, this letter expresses a mood of frustration. It is a mood generally found among Negro Americans today and should be a matter of concern to you as it is to us.

Very respectfully yours,


Jackie Robinson

JR:cc

G.F.

September 26, 1957

Dear Dan:

Thank you for your note of the sixteenth.

I appreciate your making a copy of your
release available to me.

Sincerely,

Robert Gray
Special Assistant

Mr. Daniel J. Riesner
President
National Republican Club
54 West 40th Street
New York 18, N. Y.

MR. GRAY: Encloses a copy of release re the Arkansas situation.

bkc:mo'b

September 30, 1957

Dear Dan:

CE

9-26-57
2167

National Republican Club
54 WEST 40TH STREET, NEW YORK 18, N Y

DANIEL J. RIESNER
President

September 16, 1957

TELEPHONE
PENNSYLVANIA 6-9100


Mr. Robert K. Gray
White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear Bob:

I am enclosing herewith copy of a
statement issued by me today on behalf of the
Executive Committee of the National Republican
Club.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely yours,


Daniel J. Riesner
President

FROM: Daniel J. Riesner, President
National Republican Club
54 West 40th Street
New York City - Pe. 6-9100

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
MONDAY - SEPTEMBER 16,
1957 -- Thank you.

At a special meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Republican Club, held on September 16, 1957, at 1:00 P. M., Daniel J. Riesner, President of the National Republican Club, was unanimously authorized to make the following statement condemning the inflammatory actions of Paul Butler, Adlai Stevenson, Averill Harriman and other members of the Democratic National Committee Advisory Council, and supporting the actions and policies of President Eisenhower in dealing with the problem of the enforcement of the Federal Court orders in the State of Arkansas.

The statement follows:

"Paul Butler, President Truman, Adlai Stevenson and Governor Harriman, and the other members of the Democratic National Committee Advisory Council, have done our nation a great disservice by their recent attack on President Eisenhower and their criticism of the manner in which the President is seeking to resolve the controversy with Governor Faubus of Arkansas.

"They have unconscionably dealt with this explosive issue in a completely demagogic manner, and they thereby jeopardized our national peace and welfare.

"These Democrats have been seeking to becloud the issue - to cover the fact that it is a Democrat governor who is responsible for the flouting of the Supreme Court decision; a Democrat governor who manufactured an excuse to bring state troops to Central High School in Little Rock and prevent the integration ordered by the Federal Court; a Democrat governor who overrode the wishes of the mayor of Little Rock by ordering the troops into action.

"It was the Democrat Party that fought the President's Civil Rights Bill in the last congress, and it has been a divided Democrat Party, through the years, that has blocked Civil Rights Legislation. It took a Republican President and a Republican administration to effectuate Civil Rights in the District of Columbia and to put through the first Rights Bill since the Civil War, in the last session of Congress.

(more)

National Republican Club Statement - Page 2

"Why doesn't the Democratic National Committee Advisory Council exercise real leadership and induce Democratic Governor Faubus to obey the law? Why doesn't the Council read Democrat Governor Faubus out of the Party? Why isn't the Democrat Party throughout the nation united so that the edict of the courts will be obeyed? What has the Democratic National Committee Advisory Council done about preventing recurrences of these acts in other states controlled by Democrat administrations?

"What would they have President Eisenhower do, rush in federal troops to do battle with Governor Faubus' State Guard and set the stage for civil war?

"We think the position of these democrat leaders is offensive to the nation and dangerously inflammatory. They have proved by their hypocritical utterances how right the people were last November in re-electing Dwight D. Eisenhower by a record vote.

"While, as American citizens, we are outraged by the rebellious action of Governor Faubus, we applaud the strength and determination which President Eisenhower has shown in dealing with this delicate situation. The conference at Newport was in the best tradition of high diplomacy, and it is to be expected that, within a short time, this problem, which is of deep concern to all Americans, will be resolved. If Governor Faubus fails to carry through the assurances implied in his visit to President Eisenhower, we can be confident that the President will take appropriate action.

Daniel J. Riesner, President
National Republican Club."

CF
12-1-57
F
September 19, 1957
file
100-1307

Dear Mr. Forgy:

Mr. Morgan has asked me to reply to your letter of September fourteenth.

Please be assured that your interest in writing to let us have an expression of your views is appreciated.

Sincerely,

Robert Gray
Special Assistant

Mr. Grady H. Forgy
1015 North Beech Street
Little Rock
Arkansas

MR. GRAY:

bkc:mo'b

GRADY H. FORGY
1015 NORTH BEECH STREET
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

9-16-57
AL

14 September 1957.

Hon. Gerald D. Morgan,
Special Counsel to the President,
The White House,
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Morgan:

Thank you for yours of the
26th of August in re the selection
of a judge for the U.S. Federal Court.

This is being written while
the conference between President
Eisenhower and Governor Faubus
is in progress. It is well to state
that I have never supported Mr.
Faubus. But at the same time
I must say that there is much
logic and soundness back of his
decision to act as he did in
the deplorable turmoil caused
by the arbitrary integration edicts.

The President, you and others
in his intimate Counsel must
recognize that 35 million Anglo-
Saxon Citizens in the South
(as well as many million more
Americans all over our Nation)
resent with all their being
the rank usurpation of power
by the present Supreme Court.
Not only in the matter of segregation
but in all other matters where
they are attempting to rule our
people (and Nation) by "edicts"
based on fuzzy sociological
concepts rather than by law
or the Constitution. In my
opinion all honorable and patriotic
Citizens must and hold in contempt
these unconscionable decisions and
edicts. There is little or no difference
in the final result of "edicts", whether
from the Supreme Soviet or Supreme Court.

3
GRADY H. FORGY
1015 NORTH BEECH STREET
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

There can be no peace and tranquility as long as the majesty of law - federal or otherwise is allowed to become a mere mouthpiece or enforcing agency for the power drunk NAACP, A.D.A., and other radical left-wing groups. The southern people will never accept this kind of government and I believe you know they are right - just not obstreperous or defiant.

Let us not lose sight of the fact that the U.S.A. is a nation established to be ruled by law not men - even if they happen to be on the Supreme Court.

It is just as manifest and logical to have the President (or a Governor) issue "edicts" as it is a Court's all are equally obnoxious & suspicious.

Here is another "fact" you good people close to the President should not lose sight of: I have secured a majority (by more than a million votes) of the votes of southern white people in both 1952 and 1956. Let us not deliberately destroy all hope of these people continuing to support Republican or other Conservative or "moderates" that may follow. You know as well as I that the overwhelming majority of southern white people will never support a candidate of the Stinson, Butler, Lehman, or other radical type. So for Heaven's sake do not force us to form an independent party.

My previous comments on the H.R. Federal Judge ship are reaffirmed.

Respectfully yours
 G. H. H. H. H.

G.F.

September 20, 1957

Dear Mr. Belanger:

The President has asked me to acknowledge your recent telegram urging that serious consideration be given the proposal submitted by Governor Foster Furcolo relative to the creation of a bi-partisan committee in connection with the Little Rock situation.

It is helpful to have your point of view and we appreciate your making your thoughts known to us. You may be assured that this matter has been receiving thoughtful and serious consideration here.

Sincerely,

Maxwell M. Rabb
Secretary to the Cabinet

Mr. J. William Belanger
President
Massachusetts State CIO Council
18 Tremont Street
Boston, Massachusetts

MMR:sw

WA
077 PD

ZJ BOSTON MASS SEP 10 341PME

SEP 10 PM 5 32

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

IN THE NAME OF THE MEMBERS OF THE MASSACHUSETTS STATE
CIO INDUSTRIAL UNION COUNCIL I WISH TO URGE YOU TO GIVE SERIOUS
CONSIDERATION TO THE THOUGHTFUL PROPOSAL OF GOVERNOR FOSTER FURCOLO
OF MASSACHUSETTS, TO CREATE A BI-PARTISAN COMMITTEE FROM AMONG
THE NATIONS GOVERNORS TO HELP SETTLE THE RACIAL CONFLICT IN
ARKANSAS.

THIS GRAVE ISSUE BETWEEN THE FEDERAL AND STATE GOVERNMENTS
HAS ALREADY ASSUMED INTERNATIONAL PROPORTIONS. EVERY
EFFORT SHOULD BE MADE TO AVOID VIOLENCE AND BLOODSHED.

ORGANIZED LABOR HAS ALWAYS BELIEVED THAT FORCE OUGHT TO BE
AVOIDED AT ALL COSTS WHETHER IN A STALEMATE BETWEEN LABOR AND
MANAGEMENT OR IN A SITUATION LIKE THE ONE IN ARKANSAS. WE FEEL
THAT GOVERNOR FURCOLO DESERVES THE THANKS AND APPRECIATION OF
EVERY AMERICAN FOR HIS COURAGE IN PROPOSING A PLAN WHICH MIGHT
AVOID POSSIBLE HARM TO INNOCENT PERSONS OR THE USE OF ARMED FORCES

J WILLIAM BELANGER PRESIDENT MASS STATE CIO COUNCIL.

WU28 DL PD SHREVEPORT LA SEP 12 203PMC

AS REQUESTED BY YOU AND THE PRESIDENT EISENHOWER OUR STATION AND FEEL SURE EVERY RADIO AND TELEVISION STATION IN THE NATION CARRIED YOUR REMARKS IN FULL IN REFERENCE TO THE LITTLE ROCK ISSUE HOWEVER, THESE REMARKS STAND IN THE PUBLIC MIND AS A BLANKET INDICTMENT AGAINST RADIO AND TELEVISION. I REALIZE THAT THIS WAS NOT THE INTENTION AND THEREFORE BESEECH YOU TO CLARIFY THE SITUATION BY BEING MORE SPECIFIC AS TO WHETHER YOU MEANT NETWORK RADIO OR TELEVISION OR LOCAL RADIO OR TELEVISION WITHOUT NECESSARILY NAMING SEPCIFIC COMMENTATORS OR NEWS MEN. OUR INDUSTRY IS JUSTLY PROUD OF THE ACCEPTANCE AND CO-OPERATION ACCORDED US BY THE WHITE HOUSE AND WILL GUARD THIS POSITION OF TRUST IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN IT

(851AME

DRAW A LINE IN REFERENCE WILL YOU PLS

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

*file
mc*

RECEIVED
DEC - 7 1957
9:11

WU019 LONG PD

SHREVEPORT LA SEP 12 1957 1246PMC

JAMES HAGERTY SECY TO THE PRESIDENT

NAVAL BASE NEWPORT RI

AS REQUESTED BY YOU AND PRESIDENT EISENHOWER OUR
STATION AND I FEEL SURE EVERY RADIO AND TELEVISION
STATION IN THE NATION CARRIED YOUR REMARKS IN FULL
IN REFERENCE TO THE LITTLE ROCK ISSUE. HOWEVER, THESE
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SPECIFIC COMMENTATORS OR NEWS MEN. OUR INDUSTRY IS JUSTLY
PROUD OF THE ACCEPTANCE AND COOPERATION ACCORDED US BY
THE WHITE HOUSE AND WILL GUARD THIS POSITION OF TRUST
IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN IT

FRANK H FORD JR PRESIDENT LOUISIANA ASSOCIATION OF
BROADCASTERS

215PME

CE
151 A. 1
506 001

A. KIEFER MAYER
141 WEST GEORGIA STREET
INDIANAPOLIS 9, INDIANA

RECEIVED
OCT - 2 1957
GENERAL FILE

September 27
1957

Dear Mrs. Whitman:

I could not help but notice from the smile on Jim Hagerty's face he was a grandfather! All of us grandfathers have the same kind of smile. You would think we had the babies.

If the President had heard me talking on the telephone yesterday morning to a gentleman in Nashville, Tennessee, he would have understood how I endorse his Little Rock problems. After talking shop, this friend began to tell me about his pappy, his grandpappy and his great-grandpappy - so with a few choice Hoosier words, I suggested he join all his relatives who were never pleased over the outcome of the Civil War.

If people want to live in America, live as Americans do -- or start moving, because when I attended grade school sixty years ago, there was a colored girl in my class.

Cheerful cheering cheers - with an extra cheer from Mrs. Mayer to the President and Mrs. Eisenhower.

Sincerely,

A. Kiefer Mayer

Mrs. Ann C. Whitman, Personal Secretary
to The President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

GE
124.71
J. J. Rabb
A. K. Jackson
C.

September 27, 1957

Dear Mr. Jackson:

This will acknowledge your letter of September twenty-fifth, to Mr. Rabb. Unfortunately, it arrived shortly after Mr. Rabb left for a brief vacation abroad.

You may be sure, however, I will bring your letter to Mr. Rabb's attention when he returns.

Sincerely,

Sallie Wymard
Secretary to
Maxwell M. Rabb

The Reverend L. K. Jackson
1938 Adams Street
Gary, Indiana

SW

The St. Paul Baptist Church

"The Church with a Dynamic and Spiritualizing Program, where
a Cordial Welcome is Always Extended."

REV. L. K. JACKSON, B.D., D.D., MINISTER

1938 ADAMS STREET

GARY, INDIANA

Church Phone TUrner 6-3313 - Res. TUrner 2-8851

Residence: 2541 Madison Street

MRS. ESTELLE JACKSON

Church Clerk

1536 Van Buren St. - TUrner 3-3307

Member of Trustee Board, Virginia
Theological Seminary and College

Member of Executive Board of
Ministers' Conference, Hampton
Institute

Member of Board of Directors of
National Council of Churches of
Christ in U. S.

MRS. E. L. JACKSON
Minister of Music

MRS. THELMA ROLLINS
Organist

MR. EDWARD ELZIE
Chairman Deacon Board

MR. FERRY McNEALY
Chairman Trustee Board

MR. JOE JACKSON
Supt. Sunday School

REV. HEZEKIAH MORRIS, JR.
Director B.T.U.

MISS LAURA N. DAVIS
Financial Secretary

September 25, 1957

Mr. Maxwell Rabb
Assistant to the President
White House
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Rabb:

Congressman Adam Clayton Powell, Jr. has requested of the President a conference with himself and other Negro leaders to discuss the integration situation and the violence and disorder which is sweeping the South incident to integration. *GF124A-1

As a hard working Republican, a loyal supporter of President Eisenhower and all he stands for and a diligent defender of the Republican cause, I am writing you this letter kindly requesting that you use the influence of your great office to get me in on that conference.

I think I can say without fear of successful contradiction that there is not a man in America who is anymore concerned about the integration problem and who gives himself more whole heartedly and unreservedly to the Republican cause than I do.

I am shocked, bewildered and amazed at the violent attacks made upon the President last night by Fulton Lewis, Jr over the Mutual Broadcasting System. I am preparing an open letter to him today in defense of the President and his stand on the integration issue. When I complete it, I will send you copy of the same.

With every good wish for your continued success and hoping to hear from you at your earliest convenience, I am

Yours very truly,

L. K. Jackson,

"The Servant of the Lord's Servants"

LKJ/mmw

G.F.

124 H 1

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

RECEIVED
OCT 12 1957
GENERAL FILES

Robert B.

No answer
Required

Dear Mr. Cort:

The Honorable Sherman Adams has
sending him a
asked me to thank you for ~~the~~ copy of
~~the~~ your letter to the New York Herald-
Tribune.

You may be sure that all of us share your
deep concern for our national welfare.
It is the President's ~~deep~~ conviction that
through patience and understanding, as well
as firmness of purpose, we will create a
moral climate in which discrimination will
have no part.

situation



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
MILITARY SEA TRANSPORTATION SERVICE, ATLANTIC AREA
58TH STREET & FIRST AVENUE
BROOKLYN 50, N. Y.

IN REPLY REFER TO

169 Columbia Heights
Brooklyn, N. Y.
September 26, 1957

THE WHITE HOUSE
SEP 27 9 28 AM '57
RECEIVED

Honorable Sherman Adams
The White House
Washington, D. C.

✓ Dear Sherm -

I believe the attached letter will
interest the President and yourself.

Sincerely yours,

Bob Cort

ROBERT P. CORT
(N.H. Alpha '26)

169 Columbia Heights
Brooklyn, N. Y.
September 26, 1957

Editor, NEW YORK HERALD-TRIBUNE

The saddest aspect of the Little Rock situation is to see in photographs the hatred written on the faces of white high school students. No doubt this sickness is acquired from parents who imagine an insecurity that is more fancied than real. Another sad fact is that hatreds are passed on, generation after generation, unless something is done.

Drastic changes in people's attitudes are practically impossible to effect. At first blush, one might say -- "We have got to counteract hatred with LOVE; so let the ministers of the South preach Christian LOVE to their flocks".

I don't believe it will work in the future any better than it has in the past. Instead, let's preach INDIFFERENCE. Live and let live. You go your way and I'll go mine. I respect your rights and you respect mine. I'll show you common courtesy and you show me the same.

But not LOVE. Parents with daughters of high school age are apt to get alarmed. I "love" the whole human race in the abstract but not in the particular. I reserve love, in the true sense of the word, for my friends and relatives.

Therefore, I urge all religious and educational institutions in the South to preach INDIFFERENCE, an interim cure for the sickness of hatred. Concurrently, they should try to show that the security of the lowest economic stratum in the South is not being threatened by a skin coloration.

Sincerely yours,

ROBERT P. CORT

*Also to - N.Y. Times and
Wash. Post*

G.F.

October 1, 1957

Dear Friends:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mrs. Lydia A. Peterson and Family
4827 Blackthorne
Long Beach
California

Enclosure

gls

WA554 NL PD

LONG BEACH CALIF SEP 24 1957

Acknowledged

The White House
Washington

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

YOU HAVE AGAIN RENEWED OUR FAITH IN YOU AS A LEADER OF 1957 SEP 25 PM 1 59

OUR COUNTRY WITH A STRONG LEADER LIKE YOU AND GODS

MERCY AND GRACE WE CAN OVERCOME ALL BIGOTRY AND FACE

THE WORLD UNITED AND FEARLESS BLESS YOU

MRS LYDIA A PETERSON AND FAMILY

4827 BLACKTHORNE LONG BEACH CALIF.

G.F.

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

ROUTE SLIP

(To Remain With Correspondence)

TO Mr. Fisher Howe
Director, Executive Secretariat
Department of State

PROMPT HANDLING IS ESSENTIAL.
WHEN DRAFT REPLY IS REQUESTED
THE BASIC CORRESPONDENCE MUST
BE RETURNED. IF ANY DELAY IN
SUBMISSION OF DRAFT REPLY IS
ENCOUNTERED, PLEASE TELEPHONE
OFFICE OF THE STAFF SECRETARY.

Date September 26, 1957

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

ACTION: Comment _____
Draft reply _____
For direct reply _____
For your information _____
For necessary action _____
For appropriate handling _____
See below ☒ _____

Remarks:

For translation and appropriate handling

GPO 16-71204-1

Message of 9/25/57 to the P from Augustin
Sanchez, Mexico; copy in file.

By direction of the President:

A. J. GOODPASTER
Staff Secretary

elb

White House
Washington

157 SLP 25 PM 6 32

WB243 44 1 EXTRA RUSH

CD MEXICO DF MES SEP 25 207PME

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

SINDICATO MEXICANO DE ELECTRICISTAS SALUDA CON

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INTERVENCION EJERCITO EFECTO PREVALEZCA LA LEY EN

LITTLE ROCK ARKANSAS PUNTO TRABAJADORES ELECTRICISTAS NOS

SOLIDARIZAMOS ESFUERZOS REALIZA SU GOBIERNO FAVOR

IGULADO RACIAL Y CONTRA EL ATRASO HISTORICO

ENCARNADO RACISTA GOBERNADOR FAUBUS

SECRETARIO GENERAL AGUSTIN SANCHEZ DELINT

WA683 NL PD

MCGEHEE ARK SEP 24 1957

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

AS COMMANDER OF THE DEPT OF ARKANSAS OF THE VETERANS OF
FOREIGN WARS OF THE U S. I DEMAND THAT FEDERAL TROOPS BE
WITHDRAWN FROM THE STATE OF ARKANSAS AND THE RIGHTS OF
A SOVEREIGN STATE BE RESTORED AND RECOGNIZED

DAVE A HOGUE COMMANDER DEPT OF ARK VFW.

x

G.F.

124-A1

School
Arkansas
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RECEIVED
OCT-7 1957
CENTRAL FILES

Adm. Service Bureau
Washington

File
- Jam

1957 SEP 25 PM 5 24

X G.F. 124-A1 VFW

G.F.

126-11
Sect. of State
W

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

ROUTE SLIP

(To Remain With Correspondence)

TO Mr. Fisher Howe
Director, Executive Secretariat
Department of State

PROMPT HANDLING IS ESSENTIAL.
WHEN DRAFT REPLY IS REQUESTED
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OFFICE OF THE STAFF SECRETARY.

Date September 26, 1957

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

ACTION: Comment _____
Draft reply _____
For direct reply _____
For your information _____
For necessary action _____
For appropriate handling _____
See below ☒ _____

Remarks:

For translation and appropriate handling

for translation and appropriate handling

GPO 16-71204-1

Cable of 9/26/57 to the P from Henri Wallon
and Paul Delanoue, Paris, France; copy in
file.

By direction of the President:

A. J. GOODPASTER
Staff Secretary

Jan

elb

WN2 40 VIA RCA

PARIS 0915 SEP 26 1957 * 121 SEP 26 AM 9 16

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

AU NOM 7 MILLIONS ET DEMI ENSEIGNANTS VOUS EXPRIMONS INDIGNATION

EVENEMENTS LITTLE ROCK ET DEMANDONS RESPECT DROITS ENFANTS

NOIRS A INTEGRATION ET DISPARITION TOUTE SEGREGATION SCOLAIRE

HENRI WALLON PRESIDENT PAUL DELANQUE SECRETAIRE GENERAL FISE

G.F.

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

ROUTE SLIP

(To Remain With Correspondence)

TO Mr. Fisher Howe
Director, Executive Secretariat
Department of State

PROMPT HANDLING IS ESSENTIAL.
WHEN DRAFT REPLY IS REQUESTED
THE BASIC CORRESPONDENCE MUST
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SUBMISSION OF DRAFT REPLY IS
ENCOUNTERED, PLEASE TELEPHONE
OFFICE OF THE STAFF SECRETARY.

Date September 26, 1957

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

ACTION: Comment _____
Draft reply _____
For direct reply _____
For your information _____
For necessary action _____
For appropriate handling _____
See below ☒ _____

Remarks:

For translation and appropriate handling

GPO 16-71284-1

Cable of 9/25/57 to the P from Dr.
Jorge Hidalgo D., Santiago, Cuba;
copy in file.

By direction of the President:

A. J. GOODPASTER
Staff Secretary

elb

RECEIVED
WHITE HOUSE
SEP 25 1957

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
WASHINGTON
SEP 25 1957

CE

The White House
Washington

AAC1/SEPT 26 1957 VIA ALL AMERICA

1957 SEP 25 AM 9 17
SANTIAGODECUBA 30 SEPT 25 1957 800P

LT DAVID EISENHOWER PRESIDENTE DE LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS
WASHINGTON

MI MAS CALUROSA FELICITACION POR SU CONDUCTA HACIENDO
CUMPLIR EL FALLO DE LAS CORTES FEDERALES INTEGRACION RACIAL
DR JORGE HIDALGO D

No

per Labor

G.F.

124-A-1-School

Little Rock, Arkansas

The White House
Washington

RECEIVED
OCT-4-1957
GENERAL FILES

WA0246 PD

1957 SEP 26 AM 7 05

FAX TUCSON ARIZ SEP 25 139PMM

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

WE COMMEND YOU FOR YOUR DECISIVE ACTION IN ORDERING
TROOPS TO MAINTAIN LAW AND ORDER IN LITTLE ROCK.
OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF AMERICAN PEOPLE ACHOR MOB
VIOLENCE. YOUR USE OF EXECUTIVE AUTHORITY IS GUARANTEE
OF ORDERLY CARRYING OUT OF COURT DECISION PROVIDING
FOR INTEGRATION OF NEGRO CHILDREN IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

IN SOUTH.

x GF126-C, I

x INTL UNION OF MINE & SMELTER WORKERS JOHN CLARK x
PRESIDENT ASBURY HOWARD VICE PRES ORVILLE LARSON x
VICE PRES ALBERT PEZZATI SEC TREAS. x

G.F.



RECEIVED
OCT 14 1957
CENTRAL FILES

HOTEL VICTORIA

56 RUE ST JEAN - 44 CÔTE DU PALAIS
Case postale 1784

QUÉBEC

Filed by
Mr. Rabb's office

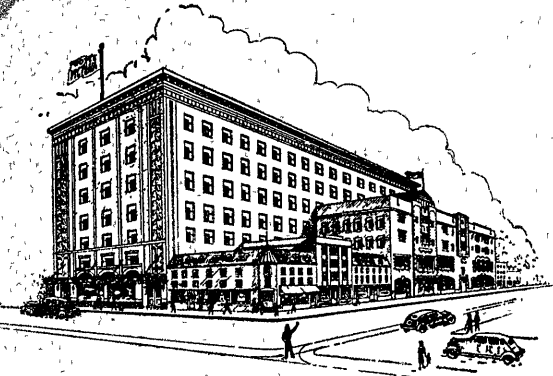
September 27, 1957

Roy Wilkins

Dear Max -

The President has done
magnificently in the Little
Rock crisis, but I feel it is
best, in view of the crazy
emotional pronouncements being
made, that I do not send
him word officially and
directly.

In their anger the
Southerners are revealing their
thinking to the rest of the
nation — their real, deep-down
feeling as separatists, fighting



HOTEL VICTORIA

56 RUE ST JEAN - 44 CÔTE DU PALAIS
Case postale 1784

QUÉBEC

2) desperately to justify the slave system and the master-slave psychology and thus - in a fashion - to gloss over the fact of Appomattox and the fact of the Civil War Amendments to the Constitution.

For the sake of the nation, including the South, it is to be regretted that the President was called upon to deal with pullen mis-educated boys instead of the men who should have been in the posts of authority and influence; When will the Dixies grow up?

Sincerely,

Ray Williams

WA380 PD

DAVENPORT IOWA SEP 24 645PMC

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

MR PRESIDENT. DADDY IF AND WHEN YOU DECIDE TO TAKE
THOSE LITTLE NEGRO CHILDREN PERSONALLY INTO CENTRAL
HIGH SCHOOL ALONG WITH YOUR MARVELOUS TROOPS PLEASE
TAKE ME ALONG "O GOD IT WOULD BE SUCH A GREAT PLEASURE
I ASSURE YOU. MY REGARDS TO BROTHER BROWNELL AND
MAY GOD BLESS YOU PRESIDENT" YOU HAVE A GOOD HEART.

RECEIVED
OCT 15 1967
CENTRAL FILE

YOU CAN CONTACT ME THROUGH MY PERSONNEL^L MANAGER
MR JOE GLASER 745 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK. AM SWISS
KRISSLY YOURS

LOUIS SATCHMO ARMSTRONG.

G.F.

September 28, 1957

Dear Mr. Shishkin:

This will acknowledge your letter of September 27th with its enclosure which was received in Mr. Rabb's absence from the office on a brief holiday abroad. I shall be happy to bring this to his attention on his return.

Sincerely,

Catherine C. Mallardi
Secretary to Mr. Rabb

Mr. Boris Shishkin
Director
Department of Civil Rights
American Federation of Labor
and Congress of Industrial Organizations
815 Sixteenth Street, N. W.
Washington 6, D. C.

CCM

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR AND CONGRESS OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

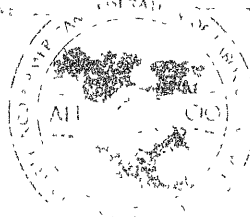
GEORGE MEANY
PRESIDENT

WM. F. SCHNITZLER
SECRETARY-TREASURER

WALTER P. REUTHER
WM C BIRTHRIGHT
DAVID DUBINSKY
EMIL RIEVE
JAMES C PETRILLO
A J HAYES
JACOB POTOFISKY
LEE W MINTON
O A KNIGHT

GEORGE M HARRISON
JAMES B CAREY
CHARLES J MACGOWAN
HERMAN WINTER
JOSEPH CURRAN
JOSEPH D KEENAN
A PHILIP RANDOLPH
JOSEPH A BEIRNE
JOHN F ENGLISH

HARRY C BATES
WM C DOHERTY
DAVID J McDONALD
WM L MCFETRIDGE
MAURICE A HUTCHESON
L S BUCKMASTER
RICHARD F WALSH
JAMES A SUFFRIDGE
KARL F FELLER



EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

GEORGE MEANY
WALTER P. REUTHER
GEORGE M. HARRISON
JAMES B. CAREY
HARRY C. BATES
DAVID J. McDONALD
DAVID DUBINSKY
WM F. SCHNITZLER

815 SIXTEENTH STREET, N.W.
WASHINGTON 6, D.C. NATIONAL 8-3870

September 30, 1957

The Honorable Maxwell M. Rabb
Secretary to the Cabinet
The White House
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rabb:

Enclosed for your information is a copy of a statement made by the AFL-CIO Executive Council and issued to the press by President Meany, on September 24, in support of President Eisenhower's action in the Little Rock situation.

With kind regards, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Boris Shishkin

Boris Shishkin
Director
Department of Civil Rights

enclosure

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR AND CONGRESS OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

GEORGE MEANY PRESIDENT	WM. F. SCHNITZLER SECRETARY-TREASURER
----------------------------------	---

WALTER P. REUTHER WM. C. BIRTHRIGHT DAVID DUBINSKY EMIL RIEVE JAMES C. PETRILLO A. J. HAYES JACOB POTOFKY LEE W. MINTON O. A. KNIGHT	GEORGE M. HARRISON JAMES B. CAREY CHARLES J. MACGOWAN HERMAN WINTER JOSEPH CURRAN JOSEPH D. KEENAN A. PHILIP RANDOLPH JOSEPH A. BEIRNE JOHN F. ENGLISH	HARRY C. BATES WM. C. DOHERTY DAVID J. McDONALD WM. L. MCFETRIDGE MAURICE A. HUTCHESON L. S. BUCKMASTER RICHARD F. WALSH JAMES A. SUFFRIDGE KARL F. FELLER
--	--	--



EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

GEORGE MEANY
WALTER P. REUTHER
GEORGE M. HARRISON
JAMES B. CAREY
HARRY C. BATES
DAVID J. McDONALD
DAVID DUBINSKY
WM. F. SCHNITZLER

CIVIL RIGHTS COMMITTEE
BORIS SHISHKIN, DIRECTOR
815 SIXTEENTH STREET, N.W.
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.
NATIONAL 8-3870

September 27, 1957

The Honorable Maxwell M. Rabb
Secretary to the Cabinet
The White House
Washington 25, D.C.

Dear Max:

Enclosed for your information are two copies of a statement in support of the President's action in the Little Rock situation, issued by the AFL-CIO Executive Council, at its session in New York, on September 24th.

With best regards, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Boris Shishkin
Boris Shishkin
Director
Department of Civil Rights

2 enclosures

Statement by the AFL-CIO Executive Council

Situation in Little Rock, Arkansas

New York City, New York
September 24, 1957

"The AFL-CIO feels very strongly that the defiance of law and order in Little Rock by a mob of demonstrators against school integration is completely intolerable.

"We fully support the action of the President in issuing an emergency proclamation and warning that he will use Federal troops, if necessary to enforce compliance with court orders."

###

G.F.

September 28, 1957

RECEIVED
SEP 30 1957
GENERAL FILE

Dear Mr. Secrest:

The President has asked me to thank you for
your recent telegram.

As you know, the President has made it clear
that it is incumbent upon all officials to enforce
the Constitution of the United States as interpreted
by the Supreme Court and that it is the duty of
all Americans to abide by this enforcement.

Your interest in wiring to let the President know
of your support is much appreciated.

Sincerely,

Maxwell M. Rabb

Mr. A. M. Secrest
Publisher
The Cheraw Chronicle
Cheraw, South Carolina

SW

WA043 DL PD

CHERAW SOCAR SEP 6 1957 1149AME 1957 SEP 6 PM 2 09

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

AS A BORN AND RAISED WHITE SOUTHERNER, LOYAL AND DEVOTED
TO THE SOUTH, I URGE IMMEDIATE, FIRM ACTION TO CONTROL
THE GOVERNOR OF ARKANSAS. MILLIONS OF SOUTHERNERS WHO PUT
LOVE OF COUNTRY ABOVE PERSONAL PREFERENCES ARE ALARMED AT
THIS CHALLENGE TO FEDERAL AUTHORITY AND THE DANGER IT POSES
TO THE UNITY AND WELL BEING OF AMERICA.

IF GOV. FAUBUS IS PERMITTED TO DEFY FEDERAL COURTS
AND CAN USE FORCE TO CIRCUMVENT THE WILL OF THE NATION,
EVERY OTHER STATE MAY BE EXPECTED TO RESORT TO INTERPOSITION AND
NULLIFICATION WITH ALL THE DISASTEROUS RESULTS INHERENT IN SUCH A
SITUATION. FAILURE TO ACT FORCEFULLY AND PROMPTLY NOW MEANS MILLIONS
OF MODERATE WHITE SOUTHERNERS WILL BE LEFT WITHOUT VOICE OR
STRENGTH IN THEIR OWN STATES.

LACK OF STRONG NATIONAL LEADERSHIP AND ASSERTION
NOW MEANS THAT ULTIMATELY ALL STATES CAN DEFY FEDERAL
AUTHORITY NOT ONLY IN THE AREA OF RACE RELATIONS BUT

ALSO IN INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS AND OTHER VITAL FIELDS.

HAD GOV FAUBUS NOT INTERFERED AT LITTLE ROCK, TOKEN
INTEGRATION THERE WOULD HAVE PROCEEDED AS SMOOTHLY AS IT IS DOING
IN THE STILL MORE SOUTHERN CITIES IN NORTH CAROLINA.

RESPECTFULLY SUGGEST THAT YOU AS COMMANDER IN CHIEF
ORDER NATIONAL GUARD TO LAY DOWN THEIR ARMS AND SUPPORT THE NATION,
NOT THE STATE, STAND EVEN IF THEY MUST BE TAKEN BACK INTO FEDERAL
FORCES DURING THE EMERGENCY. STRONGLY RECOMMEND YOU SEND
FEDERAL MARSHALS TO ESCORT THE HANDFUL OF NEGRO CHILDREN TO
SCHOOL AT LITTLE ROCK AND THAT GOV. FAUBUS BE SERVED CONTEMPT

CITATION AT EARLIEST POSSIBLE DATE.

STRONG ACTION TODAY WILL INSURE DOMESTIC TRANQUILITY TOMORROW.
A SHOW OF FEDERAL WEAKNESS WILL INSURE CIVIL STRIFE, DOMESTIC
COMMOTION AND DISTURBANCES BORDERING ON REBELLION IF
PRESENT TREND REMAINS UNCHECKED.

MILLIONS OF MODERATE, BUT INARTICULATE, WHITE SOUTHERNERS
WILL WELCOME A STRONG FEDERAL LEAD, ALONG WITH MILLIONS OF THEIR
COLORED FRIENDS

A M SECREST PUBLISHER THE CHERAW CHRONICLE CHERAW SC.

G.F.

September 28, 1957

Dear Mr. Cravey:

This will acknowledge your recent telegram to the President.

Since the early days of our country, the Supreme Court has been established as the final arbiter of the Constitution. As you know, the President has made it clear that it is incumbent upon all officials to enforce the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by this highest Court and that it is the duty of all Americans to abide by this enforcement.

Sincerely,

Maxwell M. Rabb

The Honorable Jack D. Cravey
Comptroller General
Atlanta, Georgia

SW

WA039 PD

SEP 5 1957 10

FAX ATLANTA GA SEP 5 1957 1134AME

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

AFTER OVER THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE AS AN EXECUTIVE
IN THE SERVICE OF MY NATIVE STATE OF GEORGIA I AM
APPALLED AND COMPLETELY SHAKEN THAT YOU, WHO AS A
SOLDIER, EXPENDED THE LIVES OF MANY THOUSANDS OF
AMERICANS IN COMBATING TYRANNY, ANARCHY AND FASCIST
DOCTRINES, WOULD ALLOW A SUBORDINATE ATTORNEY GENERAL

CE

TO UTILIZE SIMILAR METHODS IN ERADICATING THE DOCTRINE
OF STATES RIGHTS UPON WHICH OUR ENTIRE GOVERNMENT IS
FOUNDED. GEORGIA, MR PRESIDENT, WAS ONE OF THE ORIGINAL
THIRTEEN COLONIES. OUR REPRESENTATIVES WERE AMONG THE SIGNATORIES
OF THE BILL OF RIGHTS. OUR STATE WAS, LATER DEVASTATED
BY RUTHLESS MEN IN CHARGE OF THE GOVERNMENT IN WHOSE
FORMATION SOUTHERN LEADERSHIP DOMINATED. AND
NOW, SIR, YOU BLEND IMPETUS TO A MOVEMENT, CLOAKED IN
ANTI-AMERICANISM, TO UNDO ALL THAT OUR FOREFATHERS
HAVE DONE. MAY GOD FORGIVE ME IF I AM INCORRECT IN

PREDICTING THAT THE FUTURE WILL, ONCE AGAIN, MANIFEST
 A CATASTROPHE UNMATCHED BY THAT RECENTLY EXPERIENCED
 IN HUNGARY. THE RESPONSIBILITY, OF COURSE, WILL
 NECESSARILY REST UPON THE SHOULDERS OF THE PRESIDENT
 OF THE UNITED STATES WHO COULD, IF HE WERE SO
 DISPOSED, RETURN THIS NATION TO THE NORMALCY OF
 PEACE AND HARMONY. FOR YOUR INFORMATION, MR PRESIDENT,
 I HAVE CONGRATULATED GOVERNOR FAUBUS OF ARKANSAS AND
 OFFERED HIM MY MORAL AID AND COMFORT

JACK D CRAVEY COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION FROM THE
 DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, WASHINGTON, D.C.
 ON JANUARY 11, 1945, AT 10:00 AM.
 THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION WAS RECEIVED FROM THE
 DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, WASHINGTON, D.C.
 ON JANUARY 11, 1945, AT 10:00 AM.

FREEDOMS FOUNDATION AT VALLEY FORGE

VALLEY FORGE, PENNSYLVANIA

September 25, 1957

KENNETH D. WELLS
PRESIDENT

*124-21-1
School Arkansas
F*

*file
me*

Mr. James Haggerty
The White House
Washington D C

x

Dear Jim:

It would be great to chat with you on many things but the time and place doesn't seem to come forth any more. Circumstances, rather than our own choice seem to be dictating what we do these days.

Do let "the boss" know that we are bending every effort to be of service in all the school circumstances of Arkansas. We are peculiarly equipped to resolve the attitude problems.

x GF 123, Arkansas

The Arkansas State Department of Education requested 12,000 large poster Credo statements of American principle, one for every school in the State. Special programs will be developed around presentation and placement on every schoolroom wall. These are being shipped today and will go in their schools within the week. If we hold fast to the principles involved we will constructively progress through the confusion and fog of these times.

If there is any service the Foundation or I can render, we are at the other end of your telephone line.

All my best.

Faithfully yours,

[Signature]
Kenneth D. Wells

KDW:b

G.F.

124-A-1

THE KANSAS CITY STAR

RECEIVED
OCT 29 1957
CENTRAL FILES

September 26 1957

Dear Mr. Hagerty & Staff:

If possible, please call the President's attention to the enclosure. Knowing of his heavy responsibilities, I have hesitated about this but felt it might throw a little ray of light on a very troublesome situation.

In previous administrations especially I have visited Washington many times and attended numerous White House press conferences.

This is all confidential, of course. If the enclosure is acknowledged, kindly use my home address since I am not in the office with any regularity.

Thanks -

818 West 59th Terrace,
Kansas City 13, Mo.

Charles V. Stansell
Charles V. Stansell

re Little Rock

THE KANSAS CITY STAR.

MORNING EVENING SUNDAY WEEKLY

September 26 1957

KANSAS CITY 8. MO.

Hon. Dwight D. Eisenhower,
President of the United States,
Newport, R. I.

Dear Mr. President:

This is purely a personal and confidential word with reference to Little Rock and integration in general, and without any reference whatever to The Star. I would merely identify myself, since I have a voluntarily inactive connection with The Star after nearly forty years as editorial writer and associate editor. Nor is there any essential lack of harmony between my position and that of the paper on the subject now most pertinently at hand.

Permit me to say further, Mr. President, that as a native Southerner (South Carolina) who has spent fifty of his seventy-five years outside the South, I have supported you and your administration earnestly from the outset. Also at Harvard, Columbia and the University of Chicago I have attended schools with colored students. As a department head in Ottawa University, Kansas, more than forty years ago I observed Negro children going to the city schools without a ripple of disturbance.

In all these and still other cases, however, only a comparatively few colored people were involved. Yet throughout my life in the South and out I have known intimately and worked with many colored people in the most friendly and, I trust, understanding way. For those people, I can truthfully state, I have a genuine affection. We have had them in our home here, and my wife and I now have relatives and friends among the white people in seven states from Texas to Virginia. I have followed and studied racial relations from my youth up, with some attention to American government and history.

Now I am gravely disturbed, as I know you are, about developments in Little Rock and elsewhere, in the South and out. I must confess that, in my serious opinion, real trouble is only beginning. And aside from political and all other considerations, the problem will demand the most zealous and earnest thought and action from every genuine American citizen.

In its basic factors it is not a sectional problem, although, as you have clearly stated in your understanding of the matter, it is fundamentally different in the Deep South. And I fear that far too few persons outside the area have any comprehensive understanding of that basic fact. It is not prejudice or hatred on the part of the great mass of Southern people but the nature of long standing traditions and relationships. And as I see it, the great mass of colored people in the South, with many elsewhere, would be happy and content - if they could be delivered from ill-advised extremists and agitators in the South and outside.

So it is a problem that simply cannot be changed or dealt with effectively overnight, and racial relations have been set back more than half a century by the attempt to do it. Armed might would have its temporary effects, to be sure, but neither guns nor bayonets nor the two combined can do the real work

-2-

THE KANSAS CITY STAR.

MORNING EVENING SUNDAY WEEKLY

KANSAS CITY 8. MO.

that is required for anything approaching a permanent solution. The entire nation might now recall its experience with prohibition, which was clearly written into the Constitution and, in addition, was supported by Congressional legislation through the Volstead act.

I have spoken from deep and, I trust, intelligent understanding and convictions. I have a genuine regard for our courts and their authority - and the single and abiding hope that some members of the judiciary will be actuated by full understanding and grave concern for their responsibility in the issuance of orders bearing upon this nation-wide and most disturbing problem.

Respectfully yours and with the best of wishes, I am

Sincerely,

Charles V. Stansell
Charles V. Stansell,
Associate Editor (Ret).

818 West 59th Terrace,
Kansas City 13, Mo.

G.F.

September 29, 1957

SEP 30 1957
FEDERAL FILE

Dear Mr. Windsor:

The President has asked me to thank you for your letter of September twenty-fourth. It is very encouraging to him to know of your strong support.

As you know, the President has made it clear that it is incumbent upon all officials to enforce the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the Supreme Court and that it is the duty of all Americans to abide by this enforcement.

Please be assured that your interest in writing is very much appreciated.

Sincerely,

Maxwell M. Rabb

The Honorable Gayle Windsor, Jr.
Pulaski County
Commercial National Bank Building
Little Rock, Arkansas

SW



Representative
GAYLE WINDSOR, JR.
Pulaski County
Commercial National Bank Bldg.
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

STATE OF ARKANSAS
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
SIXTY-FIRST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

GLENN F. WALTHER, SPEAKER

HAL MOODY, CHIEF CLERK

LITTLE ROCK

SEP 25 9 24 AM '57

September 24, 1957

COMMITTEES

Vice Chairman

Social Security and Pensions

Member

Banks and Banking

Circuit and Justice Courts

Civil Defense

Judiciary "A"

Labor

Public Health and Practice of

Medicine

Dear Mr. President:

Although most people in Arkansas are opposed to integration, they are nevertheless people of common sense, who respect the law. There is deep resentment over the inexcusable conduct of Governor Orval E. Faubus, who is directly responsible for the violence, unrest and disorder which has disturbed this community since September third.

I am sure you know that no emergency or threat of violence existed until Faubus created it by calling out the Guard. His every move and public utterance has been calculated to increase and heighten the tension, to justify his initial action.

This man should be dealt with firmly and swiftly. Do not underestimate him. He is a shrewd demagogue whose outstanding trait as a politician and governor has been contempt for law and the democratic process.

When the showdown comes, you will find that the overwhelming majority of Arkansas people are loyal.

Sincerely yours,

Gayle Windsor Jr.

The Honorable Dwight D. Eisenhower
The White House
Washington, D. C.

G.F.

RECEIVED
OCT 1 - 1957
JFK FILES

September 30, 1957

Dear Mr. Ellis:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Daniel Ellis
1522 Concord Avenue
Chester
Pennsylvania

Enclosure

jj

C.E.

WA150 PD

CHESTER PENN SEP 24 1957 659AME

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

MR PRESIDENT WE ARE VERY ANXIOUS THAT YOU DO SOMETHING
ABOUT THE INTEGRATING SCHOOL SITUATION IN ARKANSAS BUT
WE ARE NOT IN FAVOR OF SENDING THE TROOPS AS WE ARE IN
HOPES THAT THE CIVIL WAR IS OVER WHY NOT CALL ALL THE
MINISTERS AND THE POLITICIANS TO HELP STRAIGHTEN OUT
THE SITUATION IN A PEACEFUL MANNER PERHAPS THE GOVERNOR

OF THAT STATE COULD HELP I'M SPEAKING TO YOU AS ONE MAN
BUT YOU WILL FIND THAT I REPRESENT A LOT OF POOR PEOPLE
FROM THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA RESPECTFULLY YOURS

DANIEL ELLIS 1522 CONCORD AVE.

G.F.

RECEIVED
OCT 1 - 1957
GENERAL FILES

September 30, 1957

Dear Mr. O'Brien:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Thomas F. O'Brien
906 Plandome Road
Manhasset
New York

Enclosure

jj
6

The White House
Washington

WA020 PD

1957 SEP 25 AM 12 30

GREATNECK NY SEP 24 811PME

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

DISGRACEFUL SITUATION IN LITTLE ROCK I BELIEVE IF FURTHER AGGRAVATED
BY YOUR SPEECH NOW BEING TRANSMITTED TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE I IMPLORE
UPON YOU TO USE JUDGEMENT AND NOT THE MINDS OF UNELECTED CITIZENS
SUCH AS YOUR BROTHER MILTON EISENHOWER AND SHERMAN ADAMS FOR
ADVISE

THOMAS F OBRIEN 906 PLANDOME RD MANHASSET NY.

Handwritten:
9/25/57
11/11

RECORDED
SEP 2 1957
CENTRAL FILES

September 30, 1957

Dear Mr. Brame:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Joseph Brame
463 Kosciowski Street
Brooklyn
New York

Enclosure

JJ

CLASS OF SERVICE
This is a fast message
unless its deferred char-
acter is indicated by the
proper symbol.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAM

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

1201

SYMBOLS
DL=Day Letter
NL=Night Letter
LT=International
Letter Telegram

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is STANDARD TIME at point of origin Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

BA035 SPE187

(106 AM SEP 26 57)

[B NA795 NL PD= BROOKLYN NY 25=]

PRESIDENT DWIGHT D EISENHOWER=

: SUMMER WHITE HOUSE NEWPORT RI=

I WOULD LIKE TO CONGRATULATE YOU ON YOUR STAND ON THE
SITUATION IN ARKANSAS. AS A SOLDIER IN YOUR COMMAND
DURING WORLD WAR TWO=

JOSEPH BRAME 463 KOSCIUSKI ST BROOKLYN=.

G.F.

September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT 1 - 1957
CENTRAL FILES

Dear Mr. Bannister:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. James S. Bannister
Editor
The Clarksville Times
Clarksville, Virginia

Enclosure

JJ

CE.

White House
London

;WA222 PD

CLARKSVILLE VIR 24 120PME

1957 SEP 24 PM 3 47

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

YOU HAVE PROVED YOURSELF AS THE GREAT GENERAL OF THE
MILITARY. IN THE NAME OF GOD AND PEACE ON EARTH TODAY
YOU HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO PROVE YOURSELF AS A GREAT
GENERAL OF THE PEOPLE. IT IS WITHIN YOUR POWER, AND YOURS
ALONE, TO CALL A TRUCE TO A PENDING WAR BETWEEN
AMERICANS. PLEASE TRY AND REASON WITH THE SOUTH THAT WE

MIGHT ENJOY THE SAME SAFETY YOU ARE ASSURED IN YOUR HIGH
POSITION. YOU HAVE BROUGHT THE SOUTH TO THE TROUGH OF
INTEGRATION. THESE PEOPLE WILL NOT DRINK FOR US, THEIR
LEADERS AND THE DRINKING WILL NOT COME FROM FEDERAL FORCE.
I RESPECT MY PRESIDENT ALSO MY HERITAGE AS A FREE
AMERICAN. THERE IS A SOLUTION AND YOU ALONE HAVE THE
POWER TO REACH THAT SOLUTION. FOR GOD'S SAKE REACH IT
JAMES S BANNISTER EDITOR THE CLARKSVILLE TIMES.

G.F.

124-H-1
School - Arkansas
M

September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT - 2 1957
GENERAL FILES

Dear Mr. Jones:

The President has asked me to thank you for your letter of September twenty-fourth in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to the situation in Little Rock. The President appreciates your interest in this matter.

I am enclosing a copy of the telegram of September twenty-seventh that the President sent to Senator Russell.

With kind regards,

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. J. Melvin Jones *
Superintendent
The Methodist Church
Meridian District
Meridian, Mississippi

GF 118-C

C.E.

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

ROUTE SLIP

(To Remain With Correspondence)

TO Mr. Morgan

PROMPT HANDLING IS ESSENTIAL.
WHEN DRAFT REPLY IS REQUESTED
THE BASIC CORRESPONDENCE MUST
BE RETURNED. IF ANY DELAY IN
SUBMISSION OF DRAFT REPLY IS
ENCOUNTERED, PLEASE TELEPHONE
OFFICE OF THE STAFF SECRETARY.

Date September 30, 1957

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

ACTION:

Comment _____
Draft reply _____
For direct reply _____
For your information _____
For necessary action _____
For appropriate handling x _____
See below _____

Remarks:

By direction of the President:

A. J. Goodpaster
A. J. GOODPASTER
Staff Secretary

FCM

RECEIVED
THE METHODIST CHURCH
SEP 24 1957
JONES STUOT
THE WHITE HOUSE

1/28

MERIDIAN DISTRICT
THE METHODIST CHURCH
MERIDIAN, MISSISSIPPI

J MELVIN JONES
SUPERINTENDENT
2700 24TH STREET

P O BOX 1126
TELEPHONE 3-2827

September 24, 1957

President Ike Eisenhower
Summer White House
Newport, Rhode Island

Dear Mr. President:

As one who has voted for you every time and been a strong supporter of yours in the Deep South, I want to register my disapproval of the way in which you are handling the situation in Little Rock. I do not uphold the actions of the mobs, nor question your authority, but I do ask you to please be fair to all sections of the country. Why pick on the Deep South. A most costly strike has been in progress at the Kohler Co., Sheboygan, Wisconsin, since April 5, 1954. Lives have been lost, great property damage suffered, business hurt, but you have never threatened to call out the federal troops to help in this situation. Is it because it involves unions and you are afraid of them? Please use the same procedures in all sections of the country to protect the rights of individuals, and not take it out on just one area.

A number of our Methodist leaders have been in the prayer sessions at the White House, and we have supported you with our interests. But this outburst on the part of the leader of our nation and the Attorney General, supported by the Supreme Court, has not helped matters in our section of the country. I trust that both situations to which I have referred can be settled. It is just as right to let the people in Little Rock do what they are doing as to permit the situation in Sheboygan to continue.

Cordially,

J. Melvin Jones
J. MELVIN JONES

G.F.

cc - 57
Others - 123

September 30, 1957

Dear Dr. Tobias:

The President has asked me to thank you for your recent telegram in behalf of the Board of Directors of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

As you know, the President has made it clear that it is incumbent upon all officials to enforce the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the Supreme Court and that it is the duty of all Americans to abide by this enforcement.

With kind regards,

Sincerely,

Maxwell M. Rabb

Dr. Channing H. Tobias
Chairman, Board of Directors
NAACP
20 West 40th Street
New York, New York

SW

WAO77 PD

WUX NEW YORK NY SEP 9 458PME

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

IN VIEW OF THE CONTINUING CONSTITUTIONAL CRISIS IN
ARKANSAS WITH OUTBREAK OF VIOLENCE PRECIPITATED BY
GOVERNOR FAUBUS' RASH ACTION IN ORDERING STATE TROOPS
TO PREVENT IMPLEMENTATION OF A FEDERAL COURT ORDER,
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR
THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE URGES YOU TO TAKE

1957 SEP 9 PM 6 55

IMMEDIATE STEPS TO FEDERALIZE THE ARKANSAS NATIONAL
GUARD BRINGING IT UNDER YOUR DIRECT COMMAND AS
COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED
STATES. FURTHER THE BOARD URGES YOU TO INSTRUCT THE
UNITED STATES ATTORNEY GENERAL FORTHWITH TO PROCEED
WITH THE NECESSARY LEGAL ACTION TO HALT THE OPEN
DEFIANCE OF CONSTITUTED AUTHORITY BY THE GOVERNOR OF
ARKANSAS

CHANNING H TOBIAS CHAIRMAN BOARD OF DIRECTORS NAACP.

SEP 30 1957
CENTRAL FILES

September 30, 1957

Dear Mr. Canan:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Ed Canan
1517 Glenn Ellyn
Muncie
Indiana

Enclosure

105 SEP 25 AM 5 57

WA332 NL PD

MUNCIE IND 24

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

MOST OF OUR NEIGHBORHOOD DISAPPROVES OF FEDERAL
INTERVENTION IN SOUTHERN STATE'S PROBLEMS. THINKS
SHOULD EASE UP ON FEDERAL POWER OVER STATES A REPLY
APPRECIATED

ED CANAN 1517 GLENN ELLYN MUNCIE INDIANA.

G.F.

RECEIVED
OCT 1 - 1957
CENTRAL FILES

September 30, 1957

Dear Mr. Murphy:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. John T. Murphy
16756 Greenlawn
Detroit
Michigan

Enclosure

jj

CLASS OF SERVICE
This is a fast message
unless its deferred char-
acter is indicated by the
proper symbol

WESTERN UNION

TELEGRAM

W P MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

(00).

1201

SYMBOLS
DL=Day Letter
NL=Night Letter
LT=International
Letter Telegram

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is STANDARD TIME at point of origin Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

BA054 DEA055

(314 AM SEP 26 57)

DE LLC084 PD=DETROIT MICH 26 255AME=

PRESIDENT UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

VACATION WHITE HOUSE NEWPORT RI=

=MAY I CONGRATULATE YOU ON THE COURAGE YOU HAVE SHOWN IN
UPHOLDING THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF

AMERICA AND MAY GOD SIT ON YOUR SHOULDER FOREVER=

JOHN T MURPHY 16756 GREENLAWN DETROIT MICHIGAN=

G.F.

September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT 1 - 1957
CENTRAL FILES

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Rutgers:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Rutgers
Pecksland Road
Greenwich
Connecticut

Enclosure

CE

U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, D.C.

WA216 PD

1957 SEP 25 AM 3 44

TDST GREENWICH CONN SEP 24 1000PME

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

STAUNCH REPUBLICANS, WE ARE GREATLY DISAPPOINTED AND
DEEPLY SHOCKED AT THE WAY IN WHICH STATES RIGHTS ARE
BEING IGNORED OR OVERRIDDEN

MR AND MRS FREDERICK RUTGERS PECKSLAND ROAD.

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

G.F.

September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT 1 1957
GENERAL FILES

Dear Miss Carter:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Miss Rose Carter
901 Forest
Bellingham
Washington

Enclosure

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM
WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM
WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

CF

PR BLA150 NL PD

BELLINGHAM WASH SEPT 25

PRESIDENT DWIGHT D EISENHOWER

NEWPORT RI

IN A SITUATION THAT CALLED FOR WISDOM AND GOOD JUDGMENT YOU -
OUR PRESIDENT, HAVE FAILED THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES AND
BY YOUR FOOLISH ACT HAVE STIRRED UP ALL THE OLD RESENTMENTS OF
THE CIVIL WAR. IT IS MY OPINION AND THAT OF MANY OTHER MOTHERS
THAT YOU HAVE DISGRACED YOUR OFFICE AND FAILED YOUR TRUST

ROSE CARTER 901 FOREST

G.F.

12-11-1
S. J. - Bureau
14

RECEIVED
OCT - 2 1957
GENERAL FILE

September 30, 1957

Dear Mr. Skornia:

I can assure you that the President deeply appreciates your favorable reaction to his move to ensure compliance with the orders of the Federal Court in Little Rock. Would you be so kind as to give his expression of appreciation to the Young Democrats of Grinnell College and to the Young Democratic Clubs of Iowa?

I recall with pleasure the session a year ago, mentioned in your letter, in connection with the Washington Semester Program.

With kind regard,

Sincerely,

Bryce N. Harlow
Administrative Assistant
to the President

Mr. Tom Skornia
College Secretary
Grinnell College
Box 809
Grinnell, Iowa

BNH/sjs

September 30, 1957

Dear Miss Parsons:

I can assure you that the President deeply appreciates your favorable reaction to his move to ensure compliance with the orders of the Federal Court in Little Rock. Would you be so kind as to give his expression of appreciation to the Young Democrats of Grinnell College and to the Young Democratic Clubs of Iowa?

I recall with pleasure the session a year ago, mentioned in your letter, in connection with the Washington Semester Program.

With kind regard,

Sincerely,

Bryce N. Harlow
Administrative Assistant
to the President

Miss Lynn H. Parsons
Vice-President
Young Democratic Clubs of Iowa
Box 809, Grinnell College
Grinnell, Iowa

BNH/sjs

Young Democratic Clubs of Iowa

400 EMPIRE BUILDING
PHONE CHERRY 3-8126
DES MOINES, IOWA

PRESIDENT

SHERWIN J. MARKMAN
DES MOINES, IOWA

NAT'L COMMITTEEMAN

DAVID MCQUIRE
CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA

NAT'L COMMITTEEWOMAN

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STORM LAKE, IOWA

THIRD VICE-PRES.

LYNN PARSONS
GRINNELL, IOWA

SECRETARY

LEO MUNDAY
CEDAR FALLS, IOWA

TREASURER

DAVID GONNERMAN
BAYARD, IOWA

Grinnell College
Grinnell, Iowa
September 24, 1957

Honorable Dwight D. Eisenhower
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington 25, D. C.

Attention; Mr. Harlow, Administrative Ass't to the President

Dear Mr. President:

We direct the present letter to Mr. Harlow due to the fact that we became acquainted with him personally while attending American University's Washington Semester Program a year ago. It is our feeling that at this critical moment in American history, all liberal citizens, regardless of party, must stand together in supporting the Supreme Court's decisions of May 17, 1954 and May 31, 1955 against the opposition of Southern extremists. It is for this reason that we have today released the following announcement on behalf of the Grinnell College Young Democrats and the Young Democratic Clubs of Iowa:

"The recent events in Little Rock, Arkansas, are such that require the attention of all Americans, regardless of party affiliation. It is an issue which rises above politics. Therefore, the Grinnell College Young Democratic Club wishes to make its position clear. It deplores racial segregation as an institution in general and the recent actions of Governor Orval Faubus in particular. His performance has been a disgrace to his party and to his nation.

"Likewise, though there have been grounds for criticism of his lack of action in the past, we approve of President Eisenhower's action calling for enforcement of the laws of the United States and of the decisions of its courts.

"In this hour all liberal Americans must stand together against this social and moral blight which threatens not only our internal security, but our position of leadership in the free world."

Young Democratic Clubs of Iowa

Mr. President, we need say no more than that we pledge our full support to you in bringing the Little Rock situation to a speedy and successful conclusion.

Yours very truly,

Tom Skornia

Tom Skornia, College Secretary

Lynn H. Parsons

Lynn H. Parsons, Vice-President
Young Democratic Clubs of Iowa

cc: Honorable Paul Butler, Chairman
Democratic National Committee

Des Moines Register and Tribune

open letter SF 156-A

G.F.

124 11 1
George F. Akerman

September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT-2 1957
ORIGINAL FILE

Dear Mr. Field:

The President has asked me to thank you for your recent letter enclosing the suggestions of your Public Affairs Committee regarding the Little Rock situation.

As you know, the President has made it clear that it is incumbent upon all officials to enforce the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the Supreme Court and that it is the duty of all Americans to abide by this enforcement.

Please be assured that the deep spirit of concern for our national welfare which prompted you to submit these suggestions to the President is very much appreciated and that they have been given careful consideration.

Sincerely,

Maxwell M. Rabb

Mr. George Field
Executive Secretary
Freedom House
20 West 40th Street
New York 18, New York

SW

RECEIVED
SEP 25 1957
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

RECEIVED
SEP 25 1957
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

CE

FREEDOM HOUSE



WILLKIE MEMORIAL BUILDING
20 WEST 40 STREET, NEW YORK 18, N. Y.
LONGACRE 5-3344

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September 24, 1957 SEP 25 9 23 AM '57

RECEIVED

President Dwight D. Eisenhower
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. President:

We are deeply conscious of the seriousness of the current situation in Little Rock, and know how little we in Freedom House can contribute to a solution. However, each of us wishes to do what is possible to affect a better climate and to rally the forces of sanity and decency.

It is in that spirit that the members of our Public Affairs Committee have requested that I communicate to you the proposals contained in the enclosed release.

Respectfully yours,

George Field

George Field
Executive Secretary

GF/msf
enc.

From: Freedom House
20 West 40th Street, N. Y. 18
Longacre 5-3344
George Field, Executive Secretary

FOR RELEASE WEDNESDAY,
SEPTEMBER 25, 1957

The Public Affairs Committee of Freedom House today recommended that four steps be taken in the critical Little Rock situation in a proposal directed to President Eisenhower, Governor Faubus and Mayor Mann. (The members of the Public Affairs Committee are: Whitney North Seymour, Herbert Bayard Swope, Dr. Harry D. Gideonse, Ulric Bell, Leo Cherne, Father George B. Ford, Rex Stout, Mrs. Henry Gale, Whitelaw Reid, Elizabeth M. Riley and George Field.)

The full text of the statement follows:

The critical situation caused by the lawlessness in Arkansas, created in part by the provocative action of Gov. Faubus, is now the concern of all law-abiding Americans. We cannot erase the shame which current incidents have brought us throughout the world, but we can apply our native intelligence to reverse the trend.

Toward this end, the Public Affairs Committee of Freedom House proposes that the necessary strong stand now taken by our President be implemented along the following lines:

1. Now that Negro students qualified to enter Central High School in Little Rock have been advised to remain away from the school, we urge that this directive be limited to a period of one week.

2. That during a cooling-off period the local authorities in the city should prevent gatherings in the vicinity of the school until there is no doubt that law and order have been fully restored. Such a directive should be enforced by local and state police power.

(Cont'd)

Freedom House - Page 2

3. During this period, federal, state and city representatives should be in continuous session to utilize the vast resources of the community in order to help rally the decent elements which constitute the overwhelming majority of the people of Little Rock and its environs, to give all necessary support to the recent directives of the Federal Court. Ministers, civic leaders, government officials, parents and the press and radio can do much in a short time to restore sanity and decency to the community.

4. Some time during this cooling-off period, as soon as tranquility is apparently restored, the Negro students should be advised to re-enter the school after preliminary steps are taken to insure discipline among the students. At this point, if normal conditions and the good sense of the community cannot be made to prevail, the President should implement his determination to use all available power within his means to enforce the laws of the land.

We have a double concern in urging that all necessary steps be taken in this situation.

First, we fervently hope that the progress made in the field of race relations in this country during the past decade, shall continue unabated toward the end that the notion of second-class citizenship in America may soon be eradicated from the American scene.

Second, it is of utmost urgency that the great propaganda weapon gratuitously handed over to the Kremlin and its agents who seek to enslave the entire world, shall be withdrawn from them so that we, as the leading nation of the Free World, may be better able to re-assert our moral position and influence.

(End)

G.F.

OCT 1 - 1957
CENTRAL FILES

September 30, 1957

Dear Dr. Goldstein:

The President has asked me to thank you for your recent telegram.

The knowledge of your support has been encouraging to the President and, as you know, he has made it clear that it is incumbent upon all officials to enforce the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the Supreme Court and that it is the duty of all Americans to abide by this enforcement.

Sincerely,

Maxwell M. Rabb

Dr. Israel Goldstein
President
American Jewish Congress
15 East 84th Street
New York 28, New York

SW

WA049 PD

NHC NEW YORK NY SEP 6 1957 147PME

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

THE AMERICAN JEWISH CONGRESS WELCOMES YOUR MESSAGE TO GOVERNOR
ORVAL FAUBUS OF ARKANSAS THAT YOU WILL USE ALL THE LEGAL MEANS AT
YOUR COMMAND TO UPHOLD THE CONSTITUTION IN THE SCHOOL SEGREGATION
SITUATION IN LITTLE ROCK. YOUR STATEMENT RECOGNIZES THAT GOVERNOR
FAUBUS' USE OF MILITARY FORCE TO THWART LAWFUL JUDICIAL PROCESSES
IS A CHALLENGE TO ORDERLY GOVERNMENT THAT MUST BE MET.

GOVERNOR FAUBUS HAS ASSUMED THE ROLE OF A MILITARY
DICTATOR, WITH POWER TO SUSPEND FEDERAL CONSTITUTIONAL
GUARANTEES. HE HAS USED STATE TROOPS TO EXPRESS HIS
DISAGREEMENT WITH THE CONSTITUTION. HE HAS ABUSED HIS
OFFICE BY USING MILITARY FORCE TO PREVENT FEDERAL COURTS
FROM FULFILLING THE MOST IMPORTANT FUNCTION ASSIGNED TO
THEM IN OUR FEDERAL SYSTEM.

THAT FUNCTION IS TO INTERPRET THEN ENFORCE CONSTITUTIONAL
GUARANTEES-- ALL OF THEM, NOT MERELY THE GUARANTEE OF
EQUALITY. UNDER THE MILITARY DICTATORSHIP ATTEMPTED BY

GOVERNOR FAUBUS, ANY BASIC RIGHT MAY BE SUPPRESSED.

FREEDOM OF SPEECH, PRESS, ASSEMBLY, RELIGION -- ALL
COULD BE SUBJECTED TO "THE SAME FORMULA. A GOVERNOR COULD
SIMPLY SAY," WE WILL NOT ALLOW YOU TO VOTE--OR SPEAK,
ASSEMBLE, PUBLISH OR PRAY-- BECAUSE WE HAVE DECIDED THAT
IT IS DANGEROUS TO PERMIT SUCH DEMOCRATIC LUXURIES."

WE THEREFORE LOOK FORWARD TO THE VIGOROUS ACTION BY
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT WHICH YOU HAVE INDICATED. THE
GOVERNMENT HAS AMPLE POWERS TO ENSURE THAT THIS ASSAULT
ON THE VERY FABRIC OF OUR GOVERNMENT DOES NOT SUCCEED.

THE EXTREMELY MODERATE PLAN FOR GRADUAL INTEGRATION OF
THE LITTLE ROCK SCHOOLS CALLED FOR IN THE COURT ORDER
THAT GOVERNOR FAUBUS HAS SOUGHT TO NULLIFY MUST BE
ALLOWED TO GO INTO EFFECT. ON THIS, THE SECURITY OF ALL
OUR LIBERTIES DEPENDS

DR ISRAEL GOLDSTEIN PRESIDENT AMERICAN JEWISH CONGRESS
15 EAST 84TH STREET NEW YORK 28 NY.

G.F.

September 30, 1957

Dear Mr. Birch:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Calvin Birch
McGehee
Arkansas

Enclosure

jj

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

CE

NS PBA176 NL PD

MCGEHEE ARK SEPT 25

PRESIDENT D W EISENHOWER,

PSNL DLY NEWPORT RI

MY REGARD FOR YOU AS AN INTELLIGENT, TOLERANT AND UNBIASED
MAN SHAKEN. YOUR ILLEGAL ILL-ADVISED USE OF TROOPS AT LITTLE
ROCK MAKES THE UNITED STATES A MILITARY DICTATORSHIP. YOU
ARE SOON TO RETIRE FROM POLITICS, SO WHY NOT LET YOUR MILITARY
EXPERIENCE AND THE DICTATES OF YOUR OWN CONSCIENCE TELL YOU
AGAIN THAT THE AMERICAN PEOPLE CANNOT BE FORCED. YOUR USE OF
TROOPS IS IN DIRECT CONFLICT WITH CIVIL RIGHTS LEGISLATION
JUST ACTED UPON. AS ONE BIRD HUNTER TO ANOTHER WHY NOT PUT
AN END BEFORE SEASON OPENS TO ALL THE EVILS CAUSED BY FORCED
INTEGRATION. THE NORTH DOES NOT WANT THE NEGRO, DISCRIMINATES
WORSE THAN THE SOUTH, AND CAUSES AN UPROAR TO KEEP THE NEGRO
FROM COMING NORTH. YOU HAVE NO AXE TO GRIND SO WHY NOT KEEP
BEING HUMAN THEN ON RETIREMENT YOUR CONSCIENCE WONT BOTHER YOU

CALVIN BIRCH

WESTERN

G.F.

September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT 1 1957

Dear Mrs. Burgess:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mrs. C. E. Burgess
Route One, Box 344
Birmingham
Alabama

Enclosure

jj

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WU147 PD BIRMINGHAM ALA 25 243PMC

PRESIDENT DWIGHT D EISENHOWER

SUMMER WHITEHOUSE NEWPORT RI

MR PRESIDENT DISREGARD LUTHER KING TELEGRAM STOP LET
HIM SPEAK FOR HIS OWN RACE. THE WHITE PEOPLE ON
BIRMINGHAM ALA AND OF THE SOUTH DISAPPROVE OF YOUR
DECISION IN SENDING TROOPS TO LITTLE ROCK STOP CAN YOU
LEAVE THE GOLF COURSE LONG ENOUGH TO COME SOUTH AND SEE
WHAT CONDITIONS ARE STOP I THINK THIS IS MORE IMPORTANT
THAN A GAME OF GOLF YOURS TRULY

MRS C E BURGESS ROUTE ONE BOX 344 BIRMINGHAM ALA

535PME

G.F.

*12-1-57
S. H. A.*

September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT 1 - 1957
CENTRAL FILES

Dear Mrs. Atkinson:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mrs. T. P. Atkinson
McGehee
Arkansas

Enclosure

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WU140 PD MCGEHEE ARK 25 312PMC

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER

NEWPORT RI

YOU HAVE EARNED THE DISRESPECT OF THE NATION BY
FORCING INTEGRATION DOWN OUR THROATS

MRS T P ATKINSON

541PME

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

G.F.

September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT 1 - 1957
CENTRAL FILES

Dear Mr. Conn:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. J. W. Conn
27 Grand Boulevard
Scarsdale
New York

Enclosure

JJ

White House
Washington

1957 SEP 24 AM 5 50

WA077 NL PD

NEW YORK NY SEP 23

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

INTERVENTION OF REGULAR ARMY TROOPS IN ARKANSAS

VIOLATION OF STATES RIGHTS AN INVITATION TO CIVIL WAR.

PLEASE RECONSIDER

J W CONN 27 GRAND BLVD SCARSDALE NY.

G.F.

RECORDED
OCT 1 1957
CENTRAL FILES

*124-11-1
G. F. Morgan
G. F. Morgan* September 30, 1957

Dear Mr. Ling:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. W. R. Ling, Sr.
Route 7, Box 506
Bessemer
Alabama

Enclosure

CLASS OF SERVICE
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unless its deferred char-
acter is indicated by the
proper symbol.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAM

W P MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

1220
(R 11-54)

SYMBOLS
DL=Day Letter
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• BA268 NSA398

1957 SEP 25 PM 5 18

NS BEA029 LONG NL PD=BESSEMER ALA 25=

=PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES=

:NEWPORT RI:

=SIR, YOU ASKED SOUTHERNERS TO EXERCISE PATIENCE WITH YOUR
PROGRAM OF MODERATION WITH THE PRESENT DAY RACE PROBLEMS. MY
PATIENCE IS NOW EXHAUSTED AND I DO NOT ACCEPT ANY PROGRAM OF
INTEGRATION OF THE RACES BECAUSE I BELIEVE INTEGRATION TO BE
CONTRARY TO DIVINE LAW.

I CONSIDER THE MAY 17, 1954 SUPREME COURT DECISION A
DISTORTION OF OUR CONSTITUTION. ARE YOU SWORN TO KEEP THE
CONSTITUTION AS IT WAS IN 1952, AS IT IS TODAY, AS IT WAS
IN 1932 OR AS THE SAME JUDGE MAY MAKE IT TO BE TOMORROW.

I ONCE READ A LINE LIKE THIS, A GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE,
BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE. YOUR ADMINISTRATION HAS
CEASED TO REACH THIS STANDARD. I RESENT YOUR INVASION OF
STATES RIGHTS AND DO HEREBY PLEDGE TO RESIST THIS INVASION
WITH ALL MY BEING. IN MY 54 YEARS I HAVE NEVER BEEN IN AN
ARMY OR JAIL BUT AM NOW READY TO ENTER EITHER TO PRESERVE MY
BIRTHRIGHT AND A HERITAGE FOR SIX GRANDCHILDREN.

ONE SMALL CITIZEN=

W R LING SR RT 7 BOX 506 BESSEMER ALA=.

G.F.

September 30, 1957

Dear Mr. Cabell:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Richard A. Cabell
57 Ashland Avenue
Pleasantville
New York

Enclosure

C.E.

WA497 NL PD

PLEASANTVILLE NY SEP 24 1957

THE PRESIDENT

1957 SEP 25 PM 12 15

THE WHITE HOUSE

I DEPLORE YOUR USE OF FEDERAL TROOPS IN STATE OF
ARKANSAS TO ENFORCE MILITARILY A SUPREME EDICT THAT
WHAT HAS BEEN LAWFUL FOR 90 YEARS IS NOW SUDDENLY NO
LONGER LAWFUL. YOUR REGRETTABLE ACTION TENDS TO
DESTROY THE DOCTRINE OF SEPARATION OF GOVERNMENT POWERS
WHICH WAS ESTABLISHED BY OUR FOREFATHERS TO PREVENT

THE GROWTH OF A DICTATORIAL EXECUTIVE

RICHARD A CABELL 57 ASHLAND AVE PLEASANTVILLE NY.

G.F.

September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT 1 - 1957
STATE FILES

Dear Mr. Ensminger:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Earl Ensminger
McGehee
Arkansas

Enclosure

CLASS OF SERVICE
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unless its deferred char-
acter is indicated by the
proper symbol

WESTERN UNION

TELEGRAM

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

SYMBOLS
DL=Day Letter
NL=Night Letter
LT=International
Letter Telegram

(26)⁰¹

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is STANDARD TIME at point of origin Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

BA317 NSB301

1957 SEP 25 PM 16 33

NS PBA179 PD=MCGEHEE ARK 25 516PMC=

:PRESIDENT EISENHOWER=

NEWPORT RI=

WISH TO PROTEST PRESENCE OF FEDERAL TROOPS IN LITTLE ROCK
YOU HAVE NOT ONLY WRECKED THE REPUBLICAN PARTY BUT THE
COUNTRY AS WELL =

EARL ENSMINGER=

G.F.

September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT 1 - 1957
CENTRAL FILES

Dear Mr. Parker:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Parker Parker
Russellville
Arkansas

Enclosure

CE

NS RVA028 NL PD

RUSSELLVILLE ARK SEPT 25

HON DWIGHT D EISENHOWER

NEWPORT RI

I AM ONE OF 45 PERCENT ARKANSANS WHO VOTED FOR YOU 52. NOW
REGRET MY DECISION. FIRST YOU APPOINTED A CHEAP POLITICIAN
WITH NO COURT EXPERIENCE AS CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
WITH ALL APPARENT INSTRUCTIONS TO DISREGARD ALL FORMER SUPREME
COURT PRECEDENTS AND MAKE QUOTE A COURT RULE IN THE COURT, THE
LAW OF THE LAND. YOU MR PRESIDENT, ARE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR RIOTS IN
ARKANSAS, TENNESSEE AND KENTUCKY.

YOU DEPENDED UPON US SOUTHERN OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN WHEN
THE GOING WAS TOUGH. YOU KNOW WELL THE 92ND DIVISION FADED OUT
IN THE NIGHT. YOU CANNOT DEPEND ON US NOW AS WE SEE YOU IN YOUR
TRUE COLORS, AN EX WEST POINT POLITICIAN SEEKING NEGRO VOTES. IF
YOU COULD STOP PLAYING GOLF LONG ENOUGH TO TEND TO STATE BUSINESS,
READ PAGE 139-140 DAVID LAWRENCE EDITORIAL 9-27-57 U S NEWS AND
WORLD REPORT ON THE 14TH AMENDMENT. A STUDY OF HISTORY SHOULD
REVEAL TO AN INTELLIGENT MAN THAT THE 14TH AMENDMENT WAS NOT
LEGALLY ADOPTED

PARKER PARKER EX-COL 9TH INF DIV

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

G.F.

September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
10-1-57
GEN. COUNSEL

Dear Dr. Robinson:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Dr. J. M. Robinson
2004 Pulaski
Little Rock
Arkansas

Enclosure

jj

CLASS OF SERVICE
This is a fast message
unless its deferred char-
acter is indicated by the
proper symbol

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAM

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

1201

SYMBOLS
DL=Day Letter
NL=Night Letter
LT=International
Letter Telegram

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BA307 NSA443

1257 SEP 25 PM 6 16

BA308 NSA445 NS LRC316 PD=LITTLE ROCK ARK 25 425PMC=
PRESIDENT DWIGHT D EISENHOWER=
NEWPORT RI=

WE HAVE UNDERGONE TWO WEEKS OF NERVOUS TENSION RESULTING
FROM THREATS OF VIOLENCE YOUR ACTION IN SENDING TROOPS
JUSTIFIES OUR ABIDING FAITH IN YOUR MANNER OF CONSERVATIVE
YET POSITIVE ACTION FOR THIS WE ARE INDEED GRATEFUL=
DR J M ROBINSON 2004 PULASKI=

124-A-1
Schick
M
September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT 1 1957
GEO. CLARK

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Myers:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. and Mrs. James Myers and Family
McGehee
Arkansas

Enclosure

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

WU143 PD MCGEHEE ARK 25 220PMC

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER

NEWPORT RI

YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE VIOLENCE IN LITTLE ROCK

LET GOVERNOR FAUBUS RUN ARKANSAS

MR AND MRS JAMES MYERS AND FAMILY

529PME

September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT 1 1957
FILES

Dear Dr. Ellis:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Dr. E. Earl Ellis
Aurora College
Aurora
Illinois

Enclosure

pk

The White House
Washington

WA049 NL PD

1957 SEP 24 AM 1 19

AURORA ILL SEP 23

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

MR PRESIDENT I THINK IT IS TERRIBLE THAT YOU CONTEMPLATE
USING FEDERAL BAYONETS TO FORCE MIXING WHITES AND NEGROES
IN SOUTHERN SCHOOLS. DID RECONSTRUCTION TEACH US NOTHING.
WHAT CHARLES SUMNER INFLUENCED YOU TO THIS I KNOW NOT BUT
I URGE YOU FOR THE SAKE OF THE NATION RECONSIDER

E EARL ELLIS PHD AURORA COLLEGE AURORA ILL.

*124 H-1
get back
G*

September 30, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT 1 - 1957
CENTRAL FILES

Dear Mrs. Gardner:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mrs. Ruth L. Gardner
23 Maple Terrace
Maplewood
New Jersey

Enclosure

pk

WA521 NL PD

TDNK MAPLEWOOD NJER SEP 24 1957

THE PRESIDENT

The White House
Washington

1957 SEP 25 PM 12 48

THE WHITE HOUSE

SINCE NO LAW HAS BEEN PASSED BY OUR CONGRESS ON THE
SUBJECT OF INTEGRATION AS A LIFELONG REPUBLICAN I AM
GREATLY SHOCKED THAT THE REPRESENTATIVE FORM OF GOVERNMENT
HAS BEEN SUSPENDED IN THE STATE OF ARKANSAS

MRS RUTH L GARDNER 23 MAPLE TERR MAPLEWOOD NJ.

ST
TT

G.F.

12-11-1
Schulz
C. F. Morgan

RECEIVED
OCT 1 - 1957
CENTRAL FILES

September 30, 1957

Dear Mr. Scott:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Arlen M. Scott ✓
McGehee
Arkansas

Enclosure

JJ

RN UNION
EGRAM

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

C'E

NS PBA165 NL PD

MCGEHEE ARK SEPT 25

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER

NEWPORT RI

AS A VETERAN OF WORLD WAR 2 OPPOSE YOUR ACTION IN LITTLE ROCK
WE DO NOT LIKE VIOLENCE BUT FEEL OUR RIGHTS ARE BEING ABUSED.
WE FEEL THAT YOU SHOULD INVESTIGATE CONDITIONS PERSONALLY

ARLEN M SCOTT

October 1, 1957

G.F.

Dear Mr. Felstiner:

The President has asked me to thank you for your recent letter.

As you know, the President has made it clear that it is incumbent upon all officials to enforce the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the Supreme Court and that it is the duty of all Americans to abide by this enforcement.

Although I am sure you are familiar with the address made by the President on September twenty-fourth, I am pleased to enclose a copy for your further information.

Sincerely,

Maxwell M. Rabb

Mr. James P. Felstiner
Research Assistant to
Professor Sheldon Glueck
Law School of Harvard University
Cambridge 38, Massachusetts

Enclosure

SW

Law School of Harvard University

Cambridge 38, Mass.

Sep. 10, 1957

The President of the United States
Newport, Rhode Island

Dear Sir:

Not too many years ago you ably led a great many men into a battle for liberty the world over. In this war you were successful. Your country is now involved in a different type of battle for liberty. You have been picked to lead your people. Will you do so again Sir?

I need not outline the brazen attacks of physical and oral violence that have been made upon your people and our Constitution. You have been chosen to lead the fight against such attacks. The time is now and the cause is just. Will you lead your people to find the liberty guaranteed to them by their laws?

You cannot go into court, nor can you lead a Negro child into a school room. But you can clearly state in words of a man that you believe that the battle is for freedom and that you are still dedicated and devoted to the effort to obtain victory for your own people.

It is for you Sir, to show us how to take "the longest ~~stride~~ of soul man has ever taken."

Yours sincerely,

James P. Felstiner

James P. Felstiner
Research Assistant to
Professor Sheldon Glueck

G.F.

October 1, 1957

Dear Mr. Meeman:

It was thoughtful of you to send me the editorial page of the Memphis Press-Scimitar for September twenty-seventh. I read the two articles "A Calmer Look at Desegregation" and "Faubus Speaks for Faubus" with a great deal of interest.

With kind regards,

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Edward J. Meeman
Editor
The Press-Scimitar
Memphis, Tennessee

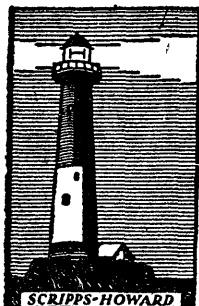
ARD

EDWARD J. MEEMAN

EDITOR
THE PRESS-SCIMITAR
MEMPHIS, TENN

Memphis Press-Scimitar / A Calmer Look at Desegregation

A Scripps-Howard Newspaper
Published by the Memphis Publishing Co.
The Press Was Founded in 1906
The Scimitar Was Founded in 1880
EDWARD J. MEEMAN, Editor
ENOCH BROWN, President
W. FRANK AYCOCK, Business Manager



Member United Press, Associated Press, NEA Service and Scripps-Howard Alliance.

Published at 495 Union Ave.

TELEPHONE: All Departments, JA 6-2141. Classified JA 6-7431.

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By mail	\$1.25	\$3.50	\$6.50	\$12.00

"Give Light and the People Will Find Their Own Way"

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1957

30 Days to Clean Up

Action by the AFL-CIO Executive Council, giving three trade unions 30 days to clean up or get out, can be taken, we think, as evidence of solid indignation among labor leaders over the malpractices of some of the brothers.

The basis of this indignation may be more than righteous reaction to the sorry tales of misused union funds, coddling of racketeers, conflict of interest and corruption pouring out of the Senate probe.

That wouldn't belittle the indignation, or diminish its force. But it is apparent, after some 25 years of timid leadership in the old AFL, that the merged federations now are under firm guidance, chiefly in the person of President George Meany.

Moreover, public opinion, plainly showing its disgust over the speculations and schemes of the Becks and the Hoffas, eventually will force a cleanup. And responsible union leaders know it. Public anger could penalize the whole union movement.

Four years ago, the AFL kicked out the International Longshoreman's Association on grounds of corruption, after the New York Crime Commission had aired a record of bribery, extortion and murder.

Now the AFL-CIO is following the same process with the Teamsters, Bakery Workers and United Textile Workers — either they purge their corrupt leaders or they will be expelled.

From the standpoint of organized labor, these cases perhaps are more important than the Longshoreman's case, riotous tho it was. The Teamster story developed under U. S. Senate auspices, rather than a state agency, has been more widely told.

And there are more Teamsters. They operate all over the country. Hence are more susceptible to public opinion.

Expelling these unions from the parent

S. B. Fuller, a negro, left Memphis broke in 1928, hitchhiked to Chicago. The other day he returned to the Southern metropolis a multi-millionaire. Now 52 years old, he came to inspect the Memphis branch of his door-to-door cosmetic business, one of 60 in principal cities. He employs 5000 people, some of them white.

Mr. Fuller was interviewed by The Memphis Press-Scimitar. He was asked what he thought of the desegregation controversy. He said he considers himself a moderate: "I support the Supreme Court decision, but I think it came too early, before the people were properly educated to it."

The Supreme Court decision calling for desegregation was a reversal of a previous decision of the same court which said that "separate but equal" educational opportunities for negroes were satisfactory. The Supreme Court thought the time had come for a change.

No doubt the intentions of the Supreme Justices were good. Many people at the time the decision was handed down thought it would improve America's position in the world. Many of these same people have been compelled by events to change their opinions. The opposition and resentment the decision has aroused in the South has led to incidents which have reversed the trend toward racial good will and these incidents have shocked the world and hurt America's position.

The question now is whether the pressure for mass school integration should not be relaxed, whether such relaxation would not speed the real progress of the negro.

So that Mr. Fuller's position will not be misunderstood, it should be added that he did not endorse the recent use of troops by Gov. Faubus.

So that Gov. Faubus' position will not be misunderstood, Gov. Faubus did not object to integration in higher education, nor to the desegregation of bus transportation in Little Rock, which is an accomplished fact.

Does a pattern of moderation emerge here, moderation under which the peaceful

Faubus Speaks for Faubus

Gov. Faubus, in his televised speech last night, added more demagoguery to law defiance.

When he referred to "unsheathed bayonets in the backs of school girls" and to Arkansas as an occupied territory with its rights "trampled under the boots of the paratroopers," the mob must have slobbered. (As to those "bayonets in the backs of girls"—the public who saw the picture referred to and noted the smiling faces of the girls and the young soldiers recognized this as just a little fun which the youngsters were indulging in, or maybe a posed picture.)

And when he likened Little Rock to Paris under the Nazis and Budapest under the Soviet guns, it must have startled the folks downtown.

His self-righteous reference to "the

progress of the negro can be resumed—progress that was so rapid that a negro boy who was penniless in 1928 is a multi-millionaire in 1957?

In negro progress, if it is to be sound, first things should come first.

What are the conditions that a negro must regard as intolerable? That he should be falsely arrested, or beaten up, denied equal justice in the courts, or even lynched. That he should be treated with contempt as something less than human, as an "untouchable," called names instead of being accorded the equal respect that is due to every human being, every child of God.

But does a negro suffer any loss of dignity when he goes to an all-negro school, if indeed the all-negro school is actually the equal of a white school? Before the Supreme Court decision a process of desegregation by state action was under way. Under this action in Evansville, Indiana, there continued in operation an all-negro school. Many negroes chose to attend the all-negro school. There were also some all white schools and some mixed schools. This varied pattern, which continues even after the Supreme Court decision, seems better suited to the varied country that is America, especially the South, than a compulsory universal integration.

Incidentally, the much discussed desegregation program of the Little Rock School Board provides for the continuance of many all-negro schools.

Partial desegregation is inevitable. In fact, it has already been established in many places in the South. Even Gov. Faubus has accepted desegregation as permanent in many towns of Arkansas. But does that mean that complete integration is inevitable? Not necessarily. For when "separate" facilities have truly become "equal" and the stigma of "second-class citizenship" has been removed, it is more than probable that many negroes will prefer to go to all-negro schools.

If we will take a fresh, calmer look at this problem, the headlines about happenings in the United States will look better in other countries. And we will have peace, and peace of mind.

Citizens' Views—

"This Is True Liberty, When Freeborn Men Speak Free"—Euripides
Thanks for Helping Get Poultry Inspection Law

By EARL W. JIMMERSON

President

PATRICK E. GORMAN

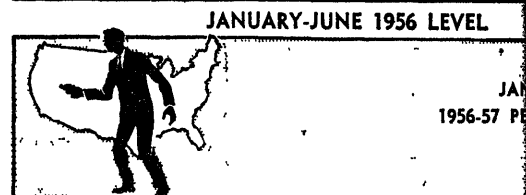
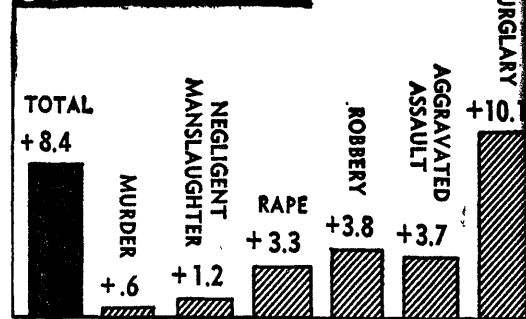
Secretary-Treasurer

Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen Of North America (AFL-CIO)

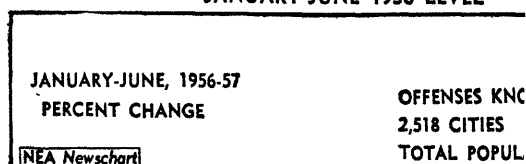
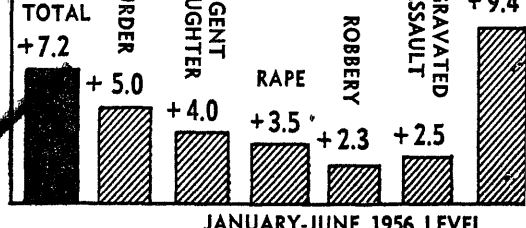
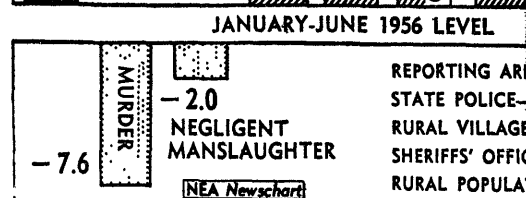
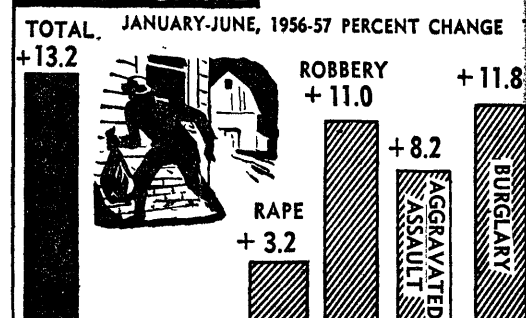
Congress has now enacted, and the President has signed, a compulsory poultry inspection bill. This long-overdue measure is similar to the Meat Inspection Act. It will protect consumers and poultry workers by providing an inspection for wholesomeness and sanitation by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the past three years our union, together with public health, women's and consumer organizations, has carried out an intensive campaign for this legislation. In that campaign, we

U.S. CRIME TREND



RURAL CRIME



Mrs. Roosevelt in Russia—

Reds Won't Heed S Warnings About So

SAMARKAND, U.S.S.R. — We were told, the been in the pro built. The streets a and the old clay ly being destroy

mitar/A Calmer Look at Desegregation

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'This Is True Liberty, When Freeborn Men Speak Free'—Euripides
Thanks for Helping Get Poultry Inspection Law

By EARL W. JIMERSON

President

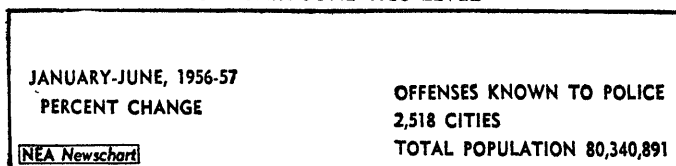
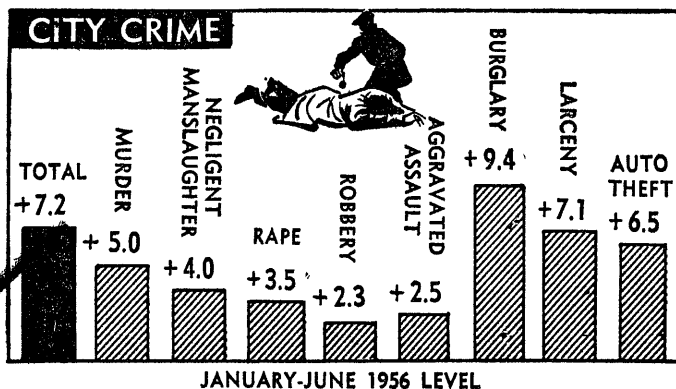
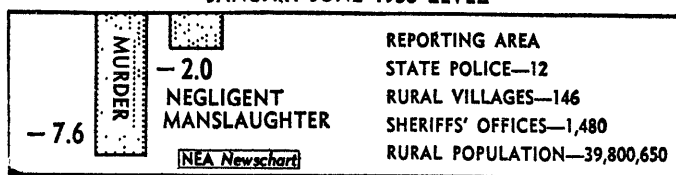
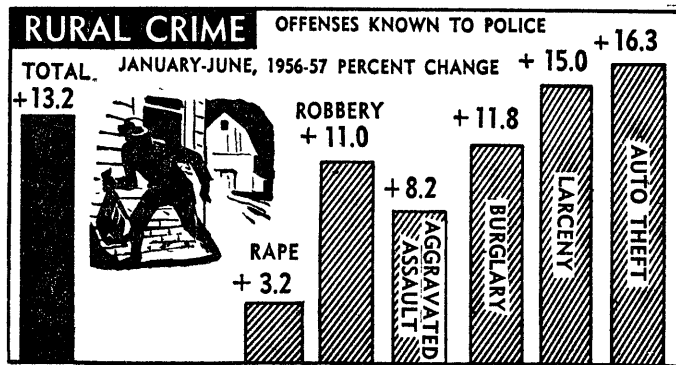
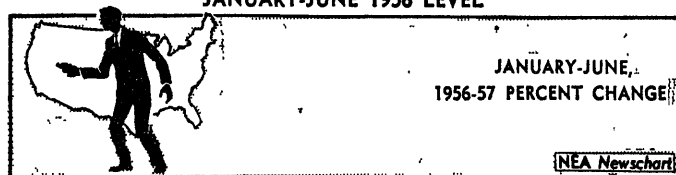
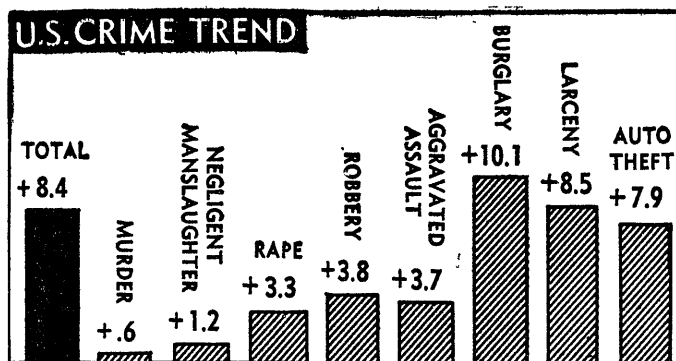
PATRICK E. GORMAN

Secretary-Treasurer

Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen Of North America (AFL-CIO)

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Mrs. Roosevelt in Russia—

Reds Won't Heed Sen. Ellender's Warnings About Soil Resources

By ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

SAMARKAND, U.S.S.R. — We were told, the entire city has been in the process of being rebuilt.

The streets are being widened and the old clay houses gradually being destroyed as new, modern

U. S. Crime At Highest Peak Ever

More major crimes occurred in the United States during the first half of 1957 than in any like period in the past.

Police reports reflecting an 8.4% increase over the same period in 1956 brought the national total of major crimes to 1,399,670 at the midyear point.

That's the startling story told in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's semiannual report, just issued.

Since first compiled in 1951, midyear crime estimates have increased 45.7%, which is four times the 11% increase in population in the same period.

National crime picture (see chart at top on left) shows an increase in all classes, with murder (and non-negligent manslaughter) showing the smallest increase, 6%.

Middle newschart shows rural crime up 13.2%, with auto thefts up a whopping 16.3%. Bright spots in rural crime show decreases in murder (and non-negligent manslaughter) 7.6%, and negligent manslaughter, 2.0%.

City crime (bottom chart) shows an increase of 7.2%. Increase in city crimes during the first half of this year were general throughout the individual classifications, with robbery showing the lowest increase, 2.3%.

after some 25 years of timid leadership in the old AFL, that the merged federations now are under firm guidance, chiefly in the person of President George Meany.

Moreover, public opinion, plainly showing its disgust over the speculations and schemes of the Becks and the Hoffas, eventually will force a cleanup. And responsible union leaders know it. Public anger could penalize the whole union movement.

Four years ago, the AFL kicked out the International Longshoremen's Association on grounds of corruption, after the New York Crime Commission had aired a record of bribery, extortion and murder.

Now the AFL-CIO is following the same process with the Teamsters, Bakery Workers and United Textile Workers — either they purge their corrupt leaders or they will be expelled.

From the standpoint of organized labor, these cases perhaps are more important than the Longshoremen's case, riotous tho it was. The Teamster story developed under U. S. Senate auspices, rather than a state agency, has been more widely told.

And there are more Teamsters. They operate all over the country. Hence are more susceptible to public opinion.

Expelling these unions from the parent federation won't, in itself, purify them. But it will add steam to the public pressure for reforms—pressure which already is worrying even the Teamster leaders, as they prepare for their convention.

Inflation--Who and What Are to Blame

Because he thinks it will be a dominant issue in the 1958 congressional elections, Democratic National Chairman Paul M. Butler has whopped up a special advisory committee to lead the Democratic attack.

But judging by the first public exhibition of the new committee the attack will not be directed so much at inflation as at the Eisenhower Administration. Meaning the Butler strategy is to put the whole blame for the slowly rising cost of living on the GOP.

This is typical politics. Blame the other fellow for whatever hurts the public.

Prof. John K. Galbraith, the Harvard economist who heads the Butler committee, says the Eisenhower anti-inflation policy is "like a stuck whistle that doesn't blow."

When the Democrats were in power, the whistle was stuck, but it blew mighty hard. While orating about inflation, the pre-Ike administrations were busy letting it ramble. The cost of living rose more than 47 per cent from 1945 to 1952. Since then it has edged up less than 6.5 per cent.

For a while, after Mr. Eisenhower took office, the cost of living held steady, and even declined slightly. That was in the period when the policy of the administration was to cut back cost of government.

When this policy was abandoned, the cost of living started upward again.

One of the leading factors in inflation right now is the spending of government. State and local, as well as national. But Prof. Galbraith and his colleagues indicate they favor more government spending and more government controls—two of the factors which got us in trouble.

We Admire Courage Even Tho We May Lack It

By MRS. WALTER FERGUSON

So many of the movie ads nowadays have us looking down the barrel of a six-shooter.

Which raises the question: "Why are Westerns perennially popular?" Is it certain homesickness for our heroic past? Anyway people flock to watch scenes of hardship endured by the men and women of long ago. They froze and sweltered and battled hostile Indians and nature every step of the way West. They suffered and died for their dreams.

The one quality which is shared by both good and bad men of the Old West is courage. They were daredevils. I often wonder whether such stories are popular with movie audiences because we lack the bravery to fight for our rights and beliefs as they once did.

Is it because we haven't the courage to stand up and be counted? How many popcorn-chewing moderns with eyes glued to the screen could measure up to a similar situation?

The Old West is gone. But its moral problems are still with us. They come in different patterns, yet there will always be the right and the wrong way and the necessity to make a choice between them.

If Americans were half as brave with their ballots today as the Western heroes were with their guns, we could build ourselves a mighty, pretty country.



Mrs. Ferguson

subject to integration in higher education, nor to the desegregation of bus transportation in Little Rock, which is an accomplished fact.

Does a pattern of moderation emerge here, moderation under which the peaceful

Faubus Speaks for Faubus

Gov. Faubus, in his televised speech last night, added more demagoguery to law defiance.

When he referred to "unsheathed bayonets in the backs of school girls" and to Arkansas as an occupied territory with its rights "trampled under the boots of the paratroopers," the mob must have slobbered. (As to those "bayonets in the backs of girls"—the public who saw the picture referred to and noted the smiling faces of the girls and the young soldiers recognized this as just a little fun which the youngsters were indulging in, or maybe a posed picture.)

And when he likened Little Rock to Paris under the Nazis and Budapest under the Soviet guns, it must have startled the folks downtown.

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Actually the federal forces are being used not against the decent people of Arkansas but against a lawless mob which has, at no time, included more than a few hundred persons. The population of Little Rock is well over 100,000; of Arkansas, nearly two million.

And the crowds of screaming fanatics surrounding Central High School, kicking and slugging negroes, have included many from out of the state—delegations, perhaps, from the roving bands of agitators which have plagued other Southern cities.

Gov. Faubus, by furthering the purposes of this mob, has shamed himself and embarrassed the country. Now he seeks to involve the whole people of Arkansas in his shame—a people with a good name for tolerance and justice who already had allowed negroes to attend their institutions of higher education and some grammar schools, and a city which was proceeding with its own program of desegregation until the Governor intervened.

But Arkansas likes the presence of federal troops no more than any other state, North or South, and now that the mob has had some of its own abrupt medicine, the soldiers should be withdrawn as rapidly as may seem safe and convenient with non-military law-enforcement officers left on guard.

Gov. Faubus obviously does not intend to co-operate to that end. He plainly implied he thinks there will be renewed violence when the soldiers leave and the mob will not be inclined to make him a bad prophet.

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In the face of angry sentiment over the Supreme Court's desegregation order, it has taken real courage for some of these governors to support openly the cause of law and order.

It must be taken into consideration that the actions of one irresponsible state executive have greatly increased the difficulties of all of them in finding a reasonable solution for a very serious problem of readjustment between the races. Allowance must be made for that.

We can only hope that President Eisenhower and these other men of good will can find a way out of this ominous situation at their meeting next Tuesday.

The Press-Scimitar believes that the President, Congress and the Supreme Court should all take a new look at the whole desegregation question in the light of the reaction to it, not only in the South but elsewhere. We in the South cannot obtain that new look and rehearsing if we permit demagogues like Faubus to misrepresent us as they do when they invite violence and talk nonsense, and try to picture Ike as a Hitler, Mussolini or Stalin. Sensible people know it to be nonsense, including sensible Southerners, who are in the majority when they make themselves heard.

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If we will take a fresh, calmer look at this problem, the headlines about happenings in the United States will look better in other countries. And we will have peace, and peace of mind.

Citizens' Views—

'This Is True Liberty, When Freeborn Men Speak Free'—Euripides

Thanks for Helping Get Poultry Inspection Law

By EARL W. JIMERSON

President

PATRICK E. GORMAN

Secretary-Treasurer

Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen Of North America (AFL-CIO)

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During the past three years our union, together with public health, women's and consumer organizations, has carried out an intensive campaign for this legislation. In that campaign, we have, on a number of occasions, written to you to ask for support of poultry inspection bills.

We want you to know that we are extremely grateful for the help that the press has given the campaign for this legislation. This much-needed measure would not be on the statute books today, had it not been for the work of newspapers throughout the country in bringing the need for this law to the attention of the public.

Our organization is very happy and proud to have spearheaded the campaign for this legislation on behalf of consumer and poultry worker. We believe that it has long been needed. We believe that once the compulsory inspection is in full swing, a marked reduction will occur in the food poisoning cases due to poultry and poultry products and the injuries to workmen in poultry plants. In addition, we expect that an increase in the sales of the poultry industry will quickly develop.

Koreans Show Gratitude With Statue of Gen. MacArthur

By JEANNETTE COLBRUNN

1605 McLemore Avenue, Memphis

We have just received the news that the people of the Republic of Korea have taken up a voluntary contribution among themselves and have built a 12-foot bronze monument. It is a masterpiece, and the statue of our great General Douglas MacArthur. It will rest on a 20-foot high base on the top of a hill overlooking the City of Seoul, in commemoration of the landing at Inchon.

Every class, every occupation, and every business association in South Korea is represented at some stage of the project. The statue is the creation of Kyong Sungkim, professor at Hong-ik University. With 10 assistants, he has been caught by the magic of the artist's skill and devotion to MacArthur.

Then they designated Sept. 14 thru 17 to pay honor to General MacArthur and invited the General and his family and aides to come to Korea for the dedication of the statue, which is so lifelike one can almost see MacArthur remove his field glasses, turn to a companion, and say: It will work."

Those who love General MacArthur enough and are appreciative enough of the unselfishness of the South Koreans may write letters of gratitude to: Dr. Syngman Rhee, President, Republic of Korea, Kyung Mu Dai, Seoul, Korea.

Korea is grateful and this is that small country's chance to shower its affection and devotion upon a hero it has adopted as its own. Let's tell them sincerely that we thank them.

Why Not Use Riverfront Area For Parking at \$5 Monthly to City?

By ABE L. ROBERTS

Edway Building, Memphis

Recently it was reported that Memphis would pave the riverfront area and was accepting bids to release the area for the benefit of a private firm on a contract basis for parking, and that the "probable cost" to the public would be about 25 cents a day. But no assurance was given as to exactly what the charge would be.

The streets of Memphis belong to the people and are primarily for the use of all the people, rather than for the purpose of profit making for the city or any private firm.

This area and even including the parks on the riverfront should be set up for parking for the people at all times, and rather than be free can be a controlled area with each car owner paying, say \$5 monthly for a sticker to park for a month.

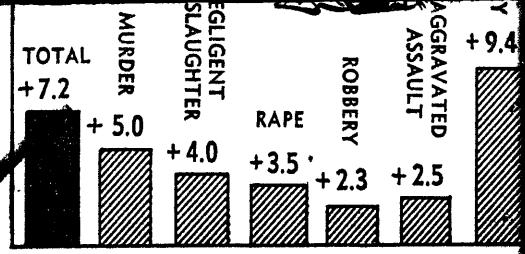
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Thus the people would have an easy way to park with a minimum of regulation and business men would have this additional space.

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JANUARY-JUNE 1956 LEVEL

JANUARY-JUNE, 1956-57
PERCENT CHANGE

OFFENSES KNOWN
2,518 CITIES
TOTAL POPULATION

Mrs. Roosevelt in Russia—

Reds Won't Heed S Warnings About Soil

By ELEANOR

were told, the been in the pro built.

The streets and the old clay being destroyed by being destroyed. The old town, streets, can still and it is hard changes have such a short time.

During the month at a conservator where voice, co phony and all ments are taught only to hear one old instruments, little of the sym We were told the old instruments, structed so as t music playable d

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Song Heard Y Did Faubus H

By J. Z. I

Managing Edi Press-S

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"Some folks say Others call me I don't care what I'm Governor o

I'll bet Orval that when he w and that it has r recently.

Market Talk

NEW ORLEAN

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WALT DISNEY

THE



© 1957 Walt Disney Productions World Rights Reserved

WORLD'S BIGGEST FRESH-WATER FISH.



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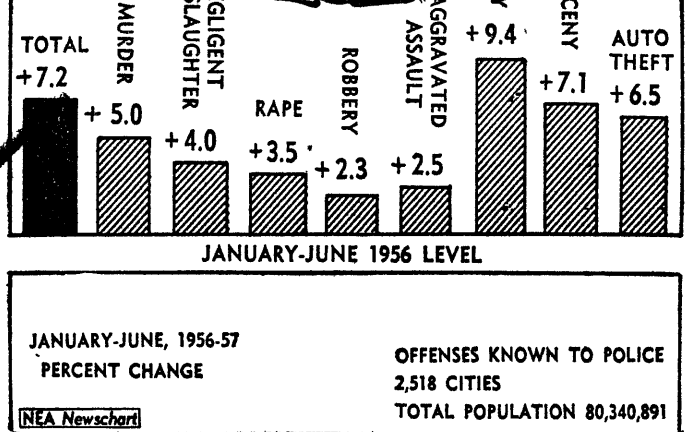
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Mrs. Roosevelt in Russia—

Reds Won't Heed Sen. Ellender's Warnings About Soil Resources

SAMARKAND, U.S.S.R. — We lunched with U.S. Ambassador Llewellyn E. Thompson at the Spaso House in Moscow, which is the American embassy. The U. S. is fortunate to have this house, for it is well arranged for entertainment and a apparently well built. The luncheon was given for a delegation of U. S. doctors studying public health in the Soviet Union and for the chief Soviet officials dealing with medicine. I was delighted to meet Dr. Thomas Parran again. I see him only at rare intervals and wish it could be oftener. Our public health people and one gentleman from Harvard University who speaks Russian fluently all seem to have had an interesting trip, concentrating on work in public health and sanitation.

Dr. David Gurewitsch and I have looked at other aspects of health here which come closer to the lives of people, but I think our joint observations may be mutually helpful. The only other official American tourist I have met is Sen. Allen J. Ellender of Louisiana, who is paying his third visit to this country. He has promised to send me his reports, for he certainly has seen an astonishingly large amount, both on his other trips and this one.

Advice Unheeded
Quite naturally, Sen. Ellender is concentrating on the Russian agriculture, and he is grieved that Nikita S. Khrushchev, Soviet Communist Party chief, seems to pay no attention to some of his warnings based on our experiences in the United States. Unfortunately, politicians sometimes have to treat even agriculture politically rather than with an eye to the future for best land development. I visited the Institute of Foreign Languages. The institute concentrates on European languages and has a separate division for Asiatic languages. We left Moscow at 10 a. m. for Tashkent in Central Asia in a Russian-built jet plane that looked sleek and efficient. I was struck by the fact that the plane stewardess wore no uniform. We were served a kind of supper, but I already was trying to sleep and felt I wouldn't need anything after our dinner. (I find oneself pressed to eat a great deal in the Soviet Union, which helps in withstanding the winter cold but is certainly unnecessary in the summertime.) Our 2000-mile flight was accomplished in three and a half hours. We left on time and arrived in Tashkent ahead of time and were driven out to a kind of country place where they have individual apartments. There we found ourselves very comfortable, slept briefly, breakfasted and started to drive around the town with the assistant to the architect of the new town. Tashkent is some 1200 years old. When the Russians took it over, it was divided into two parts—one inhabited by native Uzbeks, the other by Russians. Since the 1917 Revolution, we

are being carried out. I was able to visit a boarding school. This is the latest development in Soviet education and 12 have been opened in Tashkent. The one I saw had 300 pupils, and there are far more applicants than there are room for. These schools are free to most pupils, while the better-off parents pay small fees. There the child gets food, books, clothes and an education. It is voluntary, of course, whether you send your child to a boarding school or a day school, and if parents work, their child is cared for in the day school until his mother gets home. By next year, I was told, they expect to have 19 boarding schools in the Tashkent area. I rejoined Dr. Gurewitsch, and after lunch we visited one of the nurseries where children from one month old to three years are taken care of during the day. We then visited a clinic for well children and their mothers. There is much emphasis here on prevention of disease or keeping people well, which is interesting as far as child care is concerned. I never saw healthier babies than in these two institutions.

During the morning we stopped at a conservatory of college level where voice, composition, symphony and all kinds of instruments are taught. We had time only to hear one or two play on old instruments, a song, and a little of the symphony orchestra. We were told that many of these old instruments are being reconstructed so as to make modern music playable on them. The people here are so hospitable, however, that when you visit them, their tables are so laden with every kind of fruit grown here (it grows in great abundance), with cookies, candy and tea, it is difficult for one to explain that what you are really here for is to see how theories

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Song Heard Years Ago: Did Faubus Hear It, Too?

By J. Z. HOWARD
Managing Editor, Memphis Press-Scimitar

When I was a child, in Middle Tennessee, people were singing this as part of a silly song:

"Some folks say I'm green,
Others call me raw—
I don't care what they say:
I'm Governor of Arkansas!"

I'll bet Orval Faubus heard that when he was a kid, too, and that it has rung in his ears recently.

Market Talk

NEW ORLEANS STATES
IKE'S operation affected the market and Mamie's has been the talk of the supermarket.

13.2%, with auto thefts up a whopping 16.3%. Bright spots in rural crime show decreases in murder (and non-negligent manslaughter) 7.6%, and negligent manslaughter, 2.0%.

City crime (bottom chart) shows an increase of 7.2%. Increase in city crimes during the first half of this year were general thruout the individual classifications, with robbery showing the lowest increase, 2.3%.

Ask The Press-Scimitar

Q. How can I straighten a door which has warped on the inner edge?

A. Try adding a third hinge, or moving the present hinges closer together.

Q. Does the word "impecunious" carry with it the idea of shiftlessness or lack of thrift?

A. No. "Impecunious" means habitually without money, or poverty-stricken, but in itself the word gives no indication of the cause of the habitual poverty—hence does not imply that shiftlessness or lack of thrift caused the poverty.

Send your questions to Memphis Press-Scimitar, Information Bureau, 1200 EYE ST., N. W., Washington 5, D. C. Questions of general interest will be answered in this column. To be assured of an answer, enclose self-addressed, stamped envelope.

WALT DISNEY'S True Life Adventures

THE GREATEST

WORLD'S BIGGEST FRESH-WATER FISH.

THE SOUTH AMERICAN ARAPAIMA IS THE CHAMPION IN SIZE. HE IS 15 FEET LONG, WEIGHS IN AT 500 POUNDS, AND HE HAS A BIG BAD DISPOSITION, TOO.

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Distributed by King Features Syndicate, Inc.

G.F.

124-14

James C. Hagerty
Press Secretary
to the President

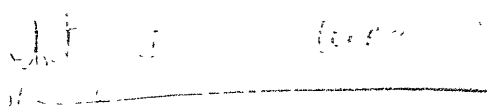
October 1, 1957

Dear Ralph:

Just a note to thank you for the suggestions you telephoned to my office. I appreciate your calling me and was sorry I couldn't talk to you personally. However, I know you understand how hectic things were.

All my best.

Sincerely,


James C. Hagerty
Press Secretary
to the President

Mr. Ralph McGill
Editor
Atlanta Constitution
Atlanta, Georgia

mc/gr

Sept. 27, 1957 --- 5:00 p.m.

Mr. Ralph McGill, Editor
Atlanta Constitution
-- telephoned the following message for
Mr. Hagerty

"Dear Jim:

I know you are deluged with advise but it would seem to me that if someone somewhere in the Department of Justice or somewhere else could point out that in all of the denouncements being made by southern senators, congressmen, governors and other leaders not a single one of them has had anything to say about carrying out the law once troops have been removed -- such a statement might be helpful. In other words, all of these people are crying to high heaven about getting the troops out as fast as possible but not one of them has anything to say about how the law will be carried out when the troops leave. Nor has anyone of them had anything to say about existing enforcement of the law. To me it seems some sort of back-fire propaganda of this sort would be helpful.

With best regards,

Cordially yours,
Ralph McGill"

G.F.

124-A 1

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

THE ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT

October 1, 1957

Checked by Kardex

Dear Jim:

On my return to Washington this week after a brief vacation in New Hampshire I found your telegram of the twenty-eighth. It had been made available to members of the staff in the interval. Of course, since you wired, events have transpired which relate closely to what you say. I imagine you are following them in detail.

It is always good to hear from you and I am particularly appreciative of your interest in troubling to let us know your thoughts on this difficult problem.

Personal regards.

Sincerely,

The Honorable James C. Worthy
925 South Homan Avenue
Chicago, Illinois

MB:lrs

THE SECRET TO THE PRESIDENT

October 1, 1963

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Dear Jim:

Personal regards.

You are following them ~~up~~ in detail

WA080 DL PD

CHICAGO ILL SEP 28 731AME

GOVERNOR SHERMAN ADAMS

1578 PM 7/11/59

THE WHITE HOUSE

RESPECTFULLY URGE THAT PRESIDENT CREATE APPROPRIATE
OCCASION TO MAKE STRONG PUBLIC STATEMENT CATEGORICALLY
PLACING RESPONSIBILITY FOR DIFFICULTIES IN LITTLEROCK ON
SHOULDERS OF GOVERNOR FAUBUS FULLY APPRECIATE PRESIDENTS
RELUCTANCE TO MAKE ANY KIND OF PERSONAL ATTACK BUT THIS
SITUATION IS SERIOUS AND IS GETTING OUT OF HAND AS
EVIDENCED BY FAUBUS INFLAMMATORY SPEECH THURSDAY NIGHT

UNLESS HIS CONTINUING EFFORTS AT INCITEMENT ARE
COUNTERACTED GRAVE AND LASTING DAMAGE WILL BE DONE ONLY
THE PRESIDENT CAN BRING HIM TO BOOK AND HE CAN DO SO
ONLY BY NAMING NAMES AND CITING FACTS MANY PEOPLE IN
NORTH BEGINNING TO SAY FAUBUS WAS RIGHT IN PREDICTING
VIOLENCE, WITHOUT RECOGNIZING THAT FAUBUS HIMSELF
CREATED ATMOSPHERE WHICH MADE VIOLENCE INEVITABLE
SUGGEST IN HIS STATEMENT PRESIDENT SAY THAT WHEN
QUESTIONED SOMETIME AGO ABOUT USE OF TROOPS TO ENFORCE
INTEGRATION HE SAID HE COULD NOT CONCEIVE OF

CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH FEDERAL TROOPS WOULD BE USED
HOWEVER PRESIDENT COULD NOT CONVEIVE OF ANY ONE ACTING
AS IRRESPONSIBLY AS GOVERNOR OF ARKANSAS HOPE YOU WILL
GIVE THIS EARNEST CONSIDERATION BEST REGARDS

JAMES C WORTHY 925 SOUTH HOMAN AVE.

October 1, 1957

Dear Mr. Gurko:

The President has asked me to acknowledge your recent telegram.

As you know, the President has made it clear that it is incumbent upon all officials to enforce the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the Supreme Court and that it is the duty of all Americans to abide by this enforcement.

Attached hereto is a copy of the address made by the President on September twenty-fourth, to the entire nation.

Sincerely,

Maxwell M. Rabb

Mr. Maurice Gurko
3401 North Mission Road
Los Angeles 31
California

Enclosure

bp

7-11-57
The White House
Washington

1957 SEP 10 PM 11 26

WA117 NL PD

LOS ANGELES CALIF SEP 10

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

THROW AWAY GOLF CLUBS. DO YOUR SWORN DUTY AS PRESIDENT. SPEAK
OUT FIRMLY FOR LAW AND ORDER. TREATMENT OF NEGROES CRUEL AND
INHUMAN. CIVIL WAR IMPENDING IF YOU DO NOT ACT. SPEAK ON RADIO,
TV, OR GO TO LITTLE ROCK AND LEAD NEGRO CHILDREN INTO SCHOOL YOURSELF
MAURICE GURKO 3401 NORTH MISSION RD LOS ANGELES 31.

October 1, 1957

G.E.

Dear Mrs. Glass:

The President has asked me to acknowledge your recent telegram.

As you know, the President has made it clear that it is incumbent upon all officials to enforce the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the Supreme Court and that it is the duty of all Americans to abide by this enforcement.

Attached hereto is a copy of the address made by the President on September twenty-fourth, to the entire nation.

Sincerely,

Maxwell M. Rabb

Mrs. Susan Glass X
3974 Black Rock Turnpike
Fairfield
Connecticut

Enclosure

bp

WU23 PD BRIDGEPORT CONN SEP 11 1151AME

PRES DWIGHT EISENHOWER

NEWPORT RI

AS A MEMBER OF THE CAUCASIAN RACE I STRONGLY PROTEST
THE ADMINISTRATIONS LACKADA ISICAL ATTITUDE IN DEALING WITH
THE SITUATION IN ARKANSAS. STRONGLY URGE FEDERALIZATION OF
ARKANSAS NATIONAL GUARD OR WITHDRAWAL OF FEDERAL FUNDS FOR
THEIR SUPPORT

MRS SUSAN GLASS 3974 BLACK ROCK TURNPIKE

FAIRFIELD

3972

(1215PME

October 1, 1957

124.21
506.18
1

Dear Mr. Leshin:

The President has asked me to acknowledge your recent telegram.

As you know, the President has made it clear that it is incumbent upon all officials to enforce the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the Supreme Court and that it is the duty of all Americans to abide by this enforcement.

Attached hereto is a copy of the address made by the President on September twenty-fourth, to the entire nation.

Sincerely,

Maxwell M. Rabb

Mr. Phil Leshin
960 Grand Concourse
New York, N. Y.

Enclosure

bp

WA108 NL PD

NEW YORK NY SEP 10

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

WHY DOESNT THE PRESIDENT GET OFF THE GOLF COURSE AND DO
SOMETHING DECISIVE ON THE INTEGRATION PROBLEM BEFORE WE
LOSE WHATEVER IS LEFT OF OUR FEEBLE POSITION IN THE
WORLD

AN INCENSED EMBARRASSED AMERICAN PHIL LESHIN
960 GRAND CONCOURSE.

SEP 10 11 07

October 1, 1957

GF.

Dear Miss Jardine:

The President has asked me to thank you for your letter in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter as well as the full text of the telegram that the President sent to Senator Russell.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Miss Betsy Jardine
111 North Broadway
White Plains
New York

Enclosures

P-3
111 N. Broadway
White Plains, N. Y.
September 24, 1957

The Honorable Dwight D. Eisenhower
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. President:

Thank you for your very fine address this evening. As a Democrat, I have often criticized you and your administration, but I feel sure that Democrats and Republicans alike will applaud your action today in federalizing the Arkansas National Guard and ordering it to assist in the maintenance of the law of the land. I am also sure that Democrats and Republicans alike will be gratified by your excellent explanation of the situation to the country. I believe your presentation of the chronology of integration in Arkansas will do much to convince Americans that you have not ruthlessly seized control of the state and jammed a court order down the throats of the people. The newspapers have failed to present the facts of the extensive planning which has gone on in Arkansas and the lenient position of the local courts in regard to gradual intergration.

I feel that you have exercised the duties of the office to which you have been elected and that you have carried out the responsibilities incumbent upon you in good form. As a white northerner who has gone to school with Negroes all her life, I feel very sorry for the people of Little Rock, for I believe their governor had done them tremendous harm.

Sincerely,

Barbara J. J. J. J. J.

6.3

*12-1-57
School of
Armed Forces*

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

ROUTE SLIP

(To Remain With Correspondence)

*10/1/57
UCI-2-56
P. 11/1/57*

TO Department of Defense

PROMPT HANDLING IS ESSENTIAL.
WHEN DRAFT REPLY IS REQUESTED
THE BASIC CORRESPONDENCE MUST
BE RETURNED. IF ANY DELAY IN
SUBMISSION OF DRAFT REPLY IS
ENCOUNTERED, PLEASE TELEPHONE
OFFICE OF THE STAFF SECRETARY.

Date October 1, 1957

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

- ACTION:**
- Comment _____
 - Draft reply _____
 - For direct reply _____
 - For your information _____
 - For necessary action _____
 - For appropriate handling ☒ _____
 - See below _____

Remarks: _____

A. J. Goodpastor

GPO 16-71204-1

Letter of 9/30/57 to the P from A. B. Paul, Dover, N. J.; returning his medals and citations and suggests they be presented to the 101st Airborne Div.

By direction of the President:

A. J. GOODPASTER
Staff Secretary

Ltr of 9/28/57 to the P from Bill Denman, Chicago, Ill.; returns medal and campaign ribbon as protest against Little Rock incident.

T. H. Kurz

October 1, 1957

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Kurz:

The President has asked me to thank you for your letter in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter as well as the full text of the telegram that the President sent to Senator Russell.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Kurz
844 West Theo
San Antonio, Texas

Enclosures

JOSEPH H. KURZ
844 W. THEO
SAN ANTONIO
9/25/57

DEAR MR. PRESIDENT,
My WIFE & I HAIL
YOUR DECISION TO SEND TROOPS
TO PROTECT NEGROES @ LITTLE
ROCK HIGH SCHOOL.
WE PRAY YOUR ACTION IS
SUCCESSFUL.

Mr. & Mrs. Joseph H. Kurz

October 1, 1957

Dear Mrs. Poleshuck:

The President has asked me to thank you for your letter in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter as well as the full text of the telegram that the President sent to Senator Russell.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mrs. Jean Poleshuck
355 Tower Street
Vauxhall
Union, New Jersey

Enclosures

G.F.

355 Tower St.
Vauxhall, Union, N.J.
September 24, 1957

President Dwight D. Eisenhower
Whitehouse
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. President,

I would like to take this opportunity to commend you on your action in the Little Rock situation.

As a white woman, I have been so ashamed of those people in Arkansas, who by mob violence, are preventing Negro children from attending public school. I believe

that by your action today
of Federalizing the troops
you are lifting the shame
and disgrace that lies over
our country.

Sincerely yours,
(Mrs.) Jean Polshuck

October 1, 1957

G.F.

Dear Dr. and Mrs. Vaughan:

The President has asked me to thank you for your letter in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter as well as the full text of the telegram that the President sent to Senator Russell.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Dr. and Mrs. Burton E. Vaughan
1209 Cee Avenue
San Leandro
California

Enclosures

1209 Coe Avenue

San Leandro, California

September 25, 1957

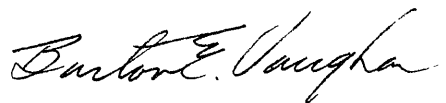
The President

Washington, District of Columbia

Mr. President:

We wish to express our conviction of moral
rightness in the actions you have taken regarding
circumstances at Little Rock, Arkansas. We hope, too,
that respect for the decisions of the Federal courts will
prevail.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Burton E. Vaughan".

Dr. & Mrs. Burton E. Vaughan

G.F.

*Ans H 1
School. Arkansas
112*

October 1, 1957

Dear Miss Blanchard:

The President has asked me to thank you for your letter in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter as well as the full text of the telegram that the President sent to Senator Russell.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Miss Marian A. Blanchard
R. D. #1
Avoca
New York

Enclosures

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

9/26/57

Acknowledged

R 10: # 1

Avoca, N.Y.

Sept. 25, 1957

Dear President Eisenhower,

Although you may say it's none of my business, I think as an American citizen I have a right to voice my opinion on the crisis in Little Rock (and the Southern States).

It's very clear to me that the business of forcing integration in the schools down south, is just another means of trying to grope to Russia and other foreign countries that we have justice and freedom for all here in America.

But in trying to force the negro children into white schools and trying to force white schools to take negro children against their will, we have undermined the whole purpose.

Now the law says "Freedom and justice for all". Just for the sake of argument let's take the part about "Freedom of worship". Would the same attempt to integrate Catholics into protestant churches or vice versa, would you? Or negro

negroes

into white churches and vice versa. Why then
force the schools to integrate against their will?
Have you ever stopped to think that as
negro children would prefer to go to a school all
their own, just as much as the white children
want their schools all to "their selves"?

I'm trying to force them to gether, you are
taking away the one thing this country is built
on, Freedom. Freedom to do as one pleases, within
the law that is. Is it against the law to want
ones own schools as well as ones own Church?
While I think the people are acting very childish
down there, ^(Little Rock) I still can understand their feelings.
They are fighting for the one thing, that as
Americans citizens, we have all been taught
was ours, "Freedom to do as we please" (within the
law that is). I don't think the law has the right
to step in and say "Here now I don't think you
should go to this or that school. ~~so~~ I'm going to
put you in another school whether you like it
or not." Why don't we all settle down and really

show the other countries that we have freedom and
justice for all and United we stand, by letting
both the white and negro children have their
own schools if that's what they want.

Remember our whole way of life depends on the
out come of this unfortunate situation.
Which shall it be "Freedom or law enforced integration?"

Sincerely,

Miss Marian B. Blanchard

G.F.

*Mr. A. E. Boellin
250 West Avenue
Clarksville
Tennessee*

October 1, 1957

RECEIVED
OCT 12 1957
CENTRAL FILES

Dear Mr. Boellin:

The President has asked me to thank you for your letter in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter as well as the full text of the telegram that the President sent to Senator Russell.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. A. E. Boellin
250 West Avenue
Clarksville
Tennessee

Enclosures

1120
Clipping

9/26/57
250 West Ave
Clarksville Tenn
Sept 24, 1957

Acknowledged

President Eisenhower:

We heard over the radio that you are ordering Federal troops to force integration in Little Rock. Hadn't you promised not to do this back in August? Hadn't the so called "Civil Rights" Bill declare that force would not be used to bring about integration - the most hated word possible to all Southerners? Yet today you declared "I will use the full power of the U.S. including whatever force may be necessary" to ~~prevent~~ carry out the desegregation orders of the Federal Court. What sort of talk is this - a President of the U.S. going back on his own word and going back to Reconstruction days of 1865-70 to put the colored race and their desires as overlords over the white race? This is indeed the blackest day in U.S. history.

Stop that absurd talk about the Supreme Court decisions as a holy "law of the land". Who ever said all the laws of the land are good? Many of them have been found to be wrong and have been changed - still others ought to be, especially the one on integration. As Senator Russell told you - "if you are going to imprison all who object to integration and oppose it, you had better start getting your concentration camps ready for no prison can hold them all".

Please remember that the 10th Amendment reserves all powers ~~which are~~ not granted to the Federal Government to the States. Education of its children is one of the rights it reserves.

On June 24 in Virginia you warned the people against "excessive concentration of power in the Government". In 1902 in Mesmeres you said "The Federal Government did not create the States - the States created the Federal Government. The creation should not supercede the creator". Then carry out your own words and let the Southern States alone.

A. E. Bollin

Also those reporters who spoke truly of events in Little
Rock told of Negroes attacking whites - both men and
women. So it was not a one sided affair.

And read the enclosed editorials. The south is
united as never since 1860.

Front page of Nashville Banner

June 24, 1957
Far-Reaching Hazard:

Careful, Mr. President

(An Editorial)

THE AVOWED READINESS of President Eisenhower to send Federal troops into Arkansas—and there, in effect, to take over the law enforcement of a state, unasked—is an incredible departure from the dictates of reason, prudence, and precedent.

Regardless of the fact that the Chief Executive has been jockeyed into any such indefensible step by the importunings and advice of reckless legal counsel, the ultimate decision rested with him, and the responsibility for it cannot be ignored.

There is not at Little Rock any state of insurrection justifying Federal martial law. There is no rebellion. If there is defiance of civil authority, it is the breach in that wall made by judicial battering ram when the Federal court presumed to set aside the state's jurisdiction of law enforcement for the preservation of peace and order.

The culmination of that yesterday was the direct result of court interference directing Governor Faubus to withdraw Arkansas' own militia. The commotion sparking this intemperate threat of armed intrusion never would have happened if Federal authority respected the boundaries of state responsibility—and its ability as demonstrated to maintain law and order. It is a grim and irreconcilable anomaly when a Governor is lambasted for calling out troops to execute his sworn duty of guarding public security, only to have those troops supplanted by Federal forces called ostensibly for the same purpose.

Surely the President's memory is not so short as to have forgotten that in the showdown on the miscalled "Civil Rights" bill, authority to send armed forces into the field for that enforcement was expressly forbidden when discovered as a sleeper in that infamous piece of legislation.

WHAT THIS is what the sponsors of recklessness have wanted is obvious from the record. Its impact upon states rights, by contravention of those rights via the court has been immediate as evidenced in the Little Rock case. Their readiness to defy every constitutional restraint—even to the point of backing up with arms—speaks now for itself.

The reckless implication of this proclaimed intention, either as a threat or as a reality, is so far reaching as to give pause, surely, to sober men.

The President cannot conceivably welcome such a showdown of authority transgressing fundamental concepts implicit to the fixed points of law; or, we believe, willingly lend the weight of executive consent—much less participation—to such shocking and portentous inroads. This is one nation, comprised of many states, one Constitution, one destiny—to all of which he has taken oath.

By misbegotten steps of interference, progressively worse, the United States has arrived at this showdown—between state authority and big, overriding, all-powerful central government. The disastrous blow would be inflicted by the climactic action suggested in this proclamation.

THINK IT THROUGH, MR. PRESIDENT. Perhaps you can't undo the ravages of judicial recklessness, visited upon the states up to this point. You can REFUSE to be a party to dismantlement of constitutional law and order. You can decline to further aggravate a divisive situation which has stirred not only whites against Negroes and Negroes against whites, but whites against whites.

These are the lamentable facts and inescapable conclusion innate to contrived mischief on the one hand and blind, insensate, unreasoned sanction on the other.

You may think, Mr. President, that you are upholding the law in such a course as is outlined by the grim possibility asserted, but all the troops could do would be to precipitate further resentment and trouble in Arkansas, and magnify the threat spreading thereby to other areas.

You may be concerned, along with uneasy disciples of globalism, about the effect of this Arkansas case, et cetera, on the thinking of people around the world. But you should be more concerned about what is happening to the unity and future relations of 170,000,000 Americans with each other.

These are not matters of secondary consideration respecting security and survival—best defended on the strict basis of justice, law, and unity, resting on the Constitution, unabridged and intact.

The toys tested were one toy electric fan and five metal trucks and autos ranging from 10 to 13 inches in length and selling for \$1 and \$2. The miniature vehicles included a Red Cross ambulance, a Shell oil truck and two Ford cars.

Freud said the council had no knowledge as to whether the Red Cross or the two companies had authorized use of their names and insignia on the toys, which run by wind-up or friction processes.

He said the council bought the toys at retail in New York and does not know who manufactured them. They appear from trade-mark insignia to be the products of several different Japanese makers, he said.

Ironically, the council discovered the potential danger of these particular imported toys when it made an effort at fostering international goodwill. The organization, supported by the U. S. toy industry, which includes the wholesalers of the presently suspect toys, has for 19 years made annual recommendations of worthwhile and safe playthings for children of different ages.

Its plans to include foreign-made toys among its recommendations for the first time next year have been dropped as a result of this preliminary investigation, Freud said. A number of German-made toys had also been under consideration and are still under laboratory test, he added.

Faubus

(Continued From Page One)

didn't contribute anything worthwhile."

Doesn't Preside

Faubus left today just before he was to preside at the session on industrial development.

Before his departure Faubus said that he did not think that the events in Little Rock would be damaging to the future industrial expansion in Arkansas.

At least five Southern Democratic governors deplored Eisenhower's "threat" to use Federal force in the Little Rock segregation dispute.

Clement Sentiment

Gov. Frank Clement of Tennessee said, "I hope we will never see the day when Federal troops will march against the law abiding citizens of any state."

Gov. Marvin Griffin of Georgia said Eisenhower's action means that the "second reconstruction of the South is now under way."

Gov. George Bell Timmerman, Jr., of South Carolina, an outspoken segregationist, accused the President of "trying to set himself up as a dictator."

Gov. LeRoy Collins of Florida said he "could not believe that the President would call out the troops but if he did it would be a grave and grievous mistake."

Deplored By Chairman

The chairman of the Southern Governors Conference, Gov. Luther Hodges of North Carolina, said if the troop report is true, "that would be bad."

He added that he hoped it was not true.

Gov. Clement, commenting Monday on a Southerner's chances of being elected president, said, "I don't believe the people of the United States are as concerned with where a man lives as they are with where he stands."

Clement asserted that "on the Democratic fundamentals of justice, equality, honesty, decency and morality, there is but one point of view—it is not Southern, or Northern, or Eastern or Western—it is American."

nevertheless that troops would not be called out unless new violence erupts.

"That is your interpretation not mine," Hagerty said. "The President has publicly stated, and so has the Department of Justice, that he will use all legal means at his command. This is part of the use of every legal means at the President's command."

"We will take it step by step. We will do it legally."

Radio, TV Talk

The possibility arose that Eisenhower will make a television and radio speech to the nation on his action relating to Little Rock.

Hagerty told his news conference he had "not yet made any requests" for TV and radio time, but did not rule out the possibility that he might do so later.

Asked where the President would make the speech, if he made on at all, Hagerty paused a moment and then said:

"The President's White House offices are here."

Hagerty said, in response to another question, that the President is not considering terminating his Newport vacation because of the Little Rock situation.

"Wherever the President is, there is the office of the White House," Hagerty said.

He added smilingly that he didn't think it had been "too much of a vacation."

All Legal Means

A reporter suggested the President's proclamation ordered the Little Rock crowd to disperse, but asked what was being done about actually getting the Negro children into the school.

Hagerty said the President was taking every possible legal means, and had been doing so right from the start, to bring about enforcement of the orders of a Federal District Court.

The President, clearly angered by the racial disorders in the Arkansas capital, took swift action after getting reports from the Justice Department on the Little Rock picture.

First the President—returning here after a brief visit to Washington—put out a statement saying:

"I will use the full power of the United States—including whatever force may be necessary—to prevent any obstruction of the law and to carry out the (desegregation) orders of the Federal Court."

OKs Force Use

Then, seated on a sunporch at his U. S. naval base residence, Eisenhower at 4 23 p.m. (CST) Monday put his name to a history-making proclamation clearing the legal way for use of force by the Federal Government.

Eisenhower and his legal advisers have no doubt whatever that the proclamation does open the way for ordering out Federal troops—if the President should decide such a step is necessary.

Governor Faubus last Friday night obeyed a Federal District Court order to pull National Guardsmen away from Little Rock's Central High School.

The troops were used to be mingling of white and Negro pupils at the high school. Faubus said he put the soldiers there to preserve law and order—to prevent violence.

Violence Flares

Then Monday—while Faubus was in Georgia attending the Southern Governors Conference—violence did break out at the high school as nine Negroes showed up for classes and entered the building. Later, after a bloody round of rioting on the grounds, they left.

There was indication at Little Rock that, for the time being, the Negro students will not go back at Central High School.

They will not go back without assurance of adequate protection, the President said.

Nashville Banner

Nashville's Oldest Newspaper—Founded April 10, 1876

E. B. Stahlman, publisher, 1885-1930

James G. Stahlman, President and Publisher

E. B. Stahlman, Jr., Executive Vice-President

Charles Moss, Vice-President and Executive Editor

Fred Russell, Vice-President

Alvand C. Dunkleberger, Editor

Robert E. Finley, Secretary and Treasurer

F. C. Stahlman, II, Assistant Treasurer

A BIBLE THOUGHT

Jesus said unto her, I am the resurrection, and the life: he that believeth in Me, though he were dead, yet shall he live. And whosoever liveth and believeth in Me shall never die. Believest thou this?—John 11:25-26.

Vindicated By Events:

Faubus Was Right

EVENTS at Little Rock have vindicated the initial judgment of Gov. Orval Faubus in acting to prevent disorder at riot threatened Central High School.

Strange as it might seem to some, it appears now that the chief executive of Arkansas did know more about the constituent state of mind of his own capital city than did smart alec commentators airing contemptuous opinion hundreds of miles distant. He DID know what he was talking about, despite furious denials by Mayor Woodrow Wilson Mann and School Superintendent Virgil Blossom; and despite amazing contradiction by a newly arrived federal judge presuming to dispute him both as to motive and to facts, and his right of acting at his discretion to protect the public safety.

Under Governor Faubus law and order did not abdicate. He exercised the authority of his office to enforce the one in preservation of the other. That was his sworn duty and he did not default on it.

In removing the National Guard from around that school, he was complying with the order of the federal court. That was not in the belief that the crisis was past—or that the cause of it would vanish with the withdrawal of troops. He was right. The Mayor and the school superintendent, in effect, have been driven to that admission. They arrived at it deplorably and almost disastrously late.

TRAGEDY could have marked that explosive situation of yesterday had municipal authorities persisted in aggravating it—fearful either of propaganda diatribes by the NAACP cult, or of further losing face.

Wisely they decided not to gamble.

Notwithstanding the pressure of needling elements, if Federal authorities are wise they also will forgo the gamble.

The disturbance in Little Rock, violent as it was, had no John Kasper or other outside segregation elements whooping it up. It was the spontaneous reaction of local people resisting an interference which they were not prepared to accept, and the outsider was a judge brought in from North Dakota, picked for the job of prescribing integration in the school system of that city.

Were there no jurists available in Arkansas to sit on that case?

It is one thing for Judge Ronald Davies to lavish his indignation from the bench—to controvert state authority, and hand down orders disbanding the guard—on the assumption that danger is a figment of somebody's evil imagination; it is quite another to deliberately assume the personal guilt of official responsibility if a city is plunged into disaster and sorrow.

POSSIBLY all concerned are thinking of that today more clearly than they were thinking over the week end before yesterday's developments designed by force to push such a showdown.

If any experience can deter the eager beaver elements and stir a note of caution, this one should. It is calculated to stem their stampede, and put on the brakes while a wiser hand does the steering. A sober look can convince that state authority in the Little Rock instance had both the capability and the obligation of appraising that situation, and acting as duty impelled.

Book Burning

Abridgement Of Rights Growing Menace To Liberty

By DAVID LAWRENCE

WASHINGTON—"Book burning," interference with free speech, censorship of radio and television so that American history and old folk-songs are inaccurately presented to the people—all this goes on in freedom-loving America nowadays without much protest from the so-called "liberals" or their "civil liberties" organizations.

Strange inconsistencies emerge. Thus, Senators Humphrey of Minnesota and Douglas of Illinois, Democrats, have joined in suggesting that President Eisenhower should "personally take those colored children by the hand and lead them into school" at Little Rock.



Lawrence

But did any of the so-called "liberals" ever suggest or would they venture to recommend that the President of the United States take workingmen by the hand and lead them into plants and factories where their right

to work—a basic constitutional right—is denied them?

Nor has the governor of any state come forth with such a solution for the problem created when labor unionism does what Congress is forbidden to do—abridge the freedom of the press under the color of law.

"Collective bargaining" rights and picketing powers are, of course, derived from federal law. Yet none of the so-called "liberals" has risen to protest the closing down of newspaper plants in many cities through the establishing of picket lines which labor unions that are not themselves parties to the dispute refuse to cross.

This is a concerted action that deprives many thousands of workers of their opportunity and right to work and just as effectually denies freedom of the press as if Congress had ordered it.

Where were the exponents of the doctrines of American constitutionalism when, during the recent strikes at various Westinghouse plants, violence broke out and many workers' cars were overturned at the factory gates as they were otherwise bodily prevented from having access to their jobs?

The California Federation of Labor is so stirred up over the Little Rock situation that it has just urged impeachment of President Eisenhower for not taking forceful action of some kind to get the colored children into the high school in Little Rock. But that same organization would hardly favor any forceful measures to enable honest, law-abiding white or colored workingmen to enter a plant when there's a strike.

For many years now, the unions have denounced any use of the National Guard to protect citizens in labor disputes. Yet today there are calls for the Government here to "federalize" the National Guard and use such troops to "enforce" desegregation.

The hysteria has gone so far that demands have been made for the use of Federal Bureau of Investigation agents as U.S. marshals to escort the colored children into schools in Arkansas. Director J. Edgar Hoover deprecates any such suggestion, and the "Wall Street Journal" implies in an editorial that the pressure for such a move came from the extremists inside the Department of Justice.

★ ★ ★

Time was when the late Senator McCarthy was condemned by the so-called "liberals" for having suggested that books written by Communists and Communist sympathizers be taken off the shelves of official United States libraries maintained abroad by American taxpayers.

But today a book by Mark Twain, "The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn"—read by the youth of America and of the world for many generations—is dropped by the board of education from the textbook lists of the New York City schools because one of its central figures is a Negro and the work allegedly contains "some passages derogatory to Negroes." That never seemed to cause controversy before.

Likewise, some American folksongs are being changed to eliminate such words as "massa" (master), "darkies" and "mammy," as if the rewriting of American history is now a function of radio and television censors.

How can the Soviet rulers be criticized for rewriting their history to suit the political whims of the times when American censors now are trying to do the same thing with America's songs born of its past history? Will anybody have the same faith in the scripts of today's broadcasts and telecasts of historical events when it becomes recognized that truth is suppressed as literary works are censored?

Atlanta Cheers

Faubus of Arkansas received a standing ovation from 35,000 football fans at the Texas-Georgia game last night when his name was announced over the public address system.

The names of 11 governors who attended the game were announced. The governors, guests of Gov. and Mrs. Marvin Griffin of Georgia, were in Atlanta en route to the Southern Governors conference at Sea Island, Ga.

The crowd gave a loud cheer and rose en masse when Faubus' name was read. It also heartily applauded the names of Gov. Luther Hodges of North Carolina and Gov. Thomas Stanley of Virginia.

Boos were given Govs. Frank Clement of Tennessee, A. B. Chandler of Kentucky, Theodore McKeldin of Maryland, Caleb of Delaware and Cecil Underwood of West Virginia.

Other governors attending the game were Raymond Gary of Oklahoma, and LeRoy Collins of Florida.

35,000 is a good sized crowd

Straw thrown over the nose

Article Section I

"CIVIL RIGHTS" AGAINST THE CONSTITUTION

By REPRESENTATIVE NOAH M. MASON
Republican of Illinois

*Better read this over like before you
start Federal troops against the South
to force school
integration*

NOW BEFORE the Senate is the so-called "civil rights" bill, which has the backing of "liberal" Democrats and many members of my own party. The measure now being debated in the Senate was passed by the House, June 18, by a vote of 286-126. It provides that the Justice Department can obtain Federal Court injunctions against persons charged with violations of "civil rights," and that anyone ignoring such injunctions will be subject to "contempt" proceedings — without benefit of jury trial. While this latter provision has proved to be the most controversial part of the "civil rights" measure, other issues — equally profound — are involved.

As a Republican from a Northern state, and one who opposed this legislation in the House of Representatives, I should like to inspect what I believe to be the key issue in the controversy over "civil rights": the relentless encroachment of the Federal Government upon the constitutional prerogatives of the states.

We have all heard the old saying, "The cure can be worse than the disease." In connection with the proposed "civil rights" legislation, that saying may well apply. We might exchange states' rights and human rights for a "civil rights" program and be much worse off after the exchange. Let us not barter the real blessings we now enjoy for the fancied or fictitious blessings that may be a part of the mirage known as "civil rights."

Habits, customs, obligations are much more effective than any "civil rights" program implemented by Federal laws. Laws are not particularly efficient. Custom is much more effective than any law because it polices itself. A law has little chance of being enforced if it does not have the approval and support of the majority of the people affected.

Prohibition was once the law of the land. It was a part of our written Constitution. However, because it did not reflect the conscience

of the majority of our people, it was not enforceable from a practical standpoint and it had to be repealed.

EDMUND BURKE once said, "I know of no way to bring an indictment against a whole people." Of course, that statement applies in a democracy such as ours. It does not apply under a despot; it does not apply in Russia.

Any attempt to enforce a Federal law — or a so-called Supreme Court decision — upon 48 States that have different conditions, different customs, different social standards, and different personal consciences is simply an effort to indict, to arraign, to try a whole nation, a whole section, a whole state. It just cannot be done in a democracy; it can only be done under a dictator. Is that what the civil rights program proposes to do? Must we lose our personal freedom? Must we surrender our guaranteed states' rights in order to establish a program of civil rights? Isn't the cure much worse than the disease?

Laws reflect reform; they never induce reform. Laws that violate or go contrary to the customs of a community never bring about social peace and harmony. Our times call for patience, for moderation, for gradual evolution — not revolution by Federal law or by Supreme Court fiat.

Why then should the Federal Government violate states' rights by assuming functions that belong to the states? Wouldn't that be going contrary to the supreme law of the land — the Constitution?

When the Federal Constitution was before the states for ratification, four of the states demanded guaranties that "freedom of the press, of speech, and of religion" would be a part of the Constitution. Nine of the states insisted that "states' rights" be guaranteed. And so the Tenth Amendment was made a part of the Bill

of Rights — so that the Federal Government would be restrained from ever interfering with human liberty and human dignity.

The first nine amendments in the Bill of Rights deal with the rights of the people, God-given rights; the Tenth Amendment deals with the powers of the Federal Government. It limits those powers. It says to the President, to the Supreme Court, and to the Congress: "You may do what the Constitution specifically says you may do, but you may do no more. Those powers that are not given you are either reserved to the states or they belong to the people." That is what the Tenth Amendment spells out, and we must not forget it in our desire to establish "civil rights."

In 1952, speaking at Des Moines as a candidate for the Presidency, General Eisenhower said: "The Federal Government did not create the states of this Republic. The states created the Federal Government. The creation should not supersede the creator. For if the states lose their meaning our entire system of government loses its meaning and the next step is the rise of the centralized national state in which the seeds of autocracy can take root and grow."

At the Conference of Governors in Seattle, early in 1953, President Eisenhower declared:

"I am here because of my indestructible conviction that unless we preserve in this country the place of state government with the power of authority, the responsibilities, and the revenues necessary to discharge those responsibilities, then we are not going to have America as we have known it. We will have some other form of government."

At this year's Governor's Conference in Williamsburg, Virginia, June 24, the President explicitly reaffirmed this statement, and warned that developments were afoot which would "transgress our most cherished principles of government." He referred to one "cherished principle" in particular: "Those who would be and would stay free must stand eternal watch against excessive concentration of power in Government."

CAN ANYTHING be clearer than these words of President Eisenhower himself? The President states that the destruction of constitutional states' rights will sow the seeds of autocracy, bring about some other form of government in America, and force us to estab-

lish a dictatorship. I am in complete agreement with these sentiments of the President, and I find it impossible to read in them anything but a mandate to defeat the proposed "civil rights" legislation. For that measure is just such a concentration of Governmental power, just such an invasion of state prerogatives, as the President warns against.

I had the good fortune to serve on the Commission of Intergovernmental Relations under the chairmanship of Dean Manion, one of the greatest constitutional lawyers in America. The one great principle he emphasized was that the purpose of the American Government is to preserve and protect our God-given rights; that the American Government is a mechanism for the protection of human rights; that civil rights are rights provided by law that definitely come under the jurisdiction of the states, not under the jurisdiction of the Federal Government; that whenever the Federal Government undertakes to establish or set up a program of "civil rights," it must of necessity encroach upon states' rights and upon God-given human rights.

Can we afford to do that? Dare we violate the Constitution by ignoring the following clear and concise language from the Tenth Amendment?

"The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people."

HUMAN EVENTS was founded in 1944 by Frank C. Hanighen. It is published weekly at 1835 K Street, N.W., Washington 6, D. C. and reports from Washington on politics, business, labor and taxes. It is usually published in two parts: a 4-page news section and a 4-page article. \$10 per year.

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Name
Street
City Zone State

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

ROUTE SLIP

(To Remain With Correspondence)

GE.
124-A-1-Sch...
an. K...
A

TO Mr. Fisher Howe
Director, Executive Secretariat
Department of State

PROMPT HANDLING IS ESSENTIAL.
WHEN DRAFT REPLY IS REQUESTED
THE BASIC CORRESPONDENCE MUST
BE RETURNED. IF ANY DELAY IN
SUBMISSION OF DRAFT REPLY IS
ENCOUNTERED, PLEASE TELEPHONE
OFFICE OF THE STAFF SECRETARY.

Date October 1, 1957

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

ACTION: Comment _____
Draft reply _____
For direct reply _____
For your information _____
For necessary action _____
For appropriate handling _____
See below _____

Remarks:

GPO 16-71264-1

Cable of 9/26/57 to the P from Anacroix, By direction of the President:
Hobart Tas.; pro speech.

Journal...
200720-X-96 Per A
200720-X-96 Per A

A. J. GOODPASTER
Staff Secretary

PCW

The White House
Washington

WN1 14 VIA RCA

HOBARTTAS 1320 SEP 26 1957

1957 SEP 27 AM 8 35

THE PRESIDENT

WHITEHOUSE WASHINGTON

26131 TWENTIETH CENTURIES GREAT SPEECH JUST ACTION

ENHANCED ESTEEM UNITEDSTATES ANACROIX

G.F.

October 1, 1957

Dear Mr. Coubart:

The President has asked me to thank you for your letter in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter as well as the full text of the telegram that the President sent to Senator Russell.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Richard P. Coubart
820 Berwin Avenue
Pittsburgh 26
Pennsylvania

Enclosures

Acknowledged

820 Berrin Avenue
Pittsburgh 26, Pa.
Sept 25, 1957

Dear Mr. President,

I cannot tell you how angry + dismayed I was to hear that you sent Federal troops in to Arkansas with out the request of the Governor of said state.

I am sure that Mr. Jefferson, if he were alive today, would not agree with your decision.

I have seen happen what I feared most, the last vestige of States Rights power destroyed.

This process has been going on for some time, this has been the climax. From now on the Federal Government will do all the thinking for us.

I am a strong States Righter + believe in Thomas Jefferson's form of States relation with the Federal Government.

I cannot condone your actions. That's why I am writing. Because I believe you stole my freedom by this action.

I remain

yours sincerely
Richard P. Coulson

G.F.

October 1, 1957

Dear Mr. Dibbell:

The President has asked me to thank you for your letter in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter as well as the full text of the telegram that the President sent to Senator Russell.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Herbert A. Dibbell
Shokan, Ulster County
New York

Enclosures

5 Con. 9/24

9/26

Acknowledged

Shokan, Ulster Co., N.Y.,
September 24, 1957.

The President,
The White House,
Washington, D.C.

Mr. President:

The writer, a lifelong Republican, deplores the fact that a Republican President has been so precipitate and ill advised as to order Federal troops into a sovereign state of The Union. Not so long ago, we prayed for Hungary. Now, we pray for Arkansas.

He feels that The President's ardent wooing of the negro vote has set back the solution of the racial problem for at least a hundred years.

The President's radio address notwithstanding, if the sentiment of this little town of approximately four hundred voters, largely Republican, is any criterion, The National Republican Party is as dead as the dodo.

Very truly yours,

Herbert A. Dibbell

Herbert A. Dibbell.

G.F.

October 1, 1957

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Lindgren:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lindgren
2707 Rose Street
Berkeley
California

Enclosure

gls

WA555 NL PD

100 BERKELEY CALIF SEP 24 1957

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

DEAR MR PRESIDENT WE WISH TO EXPRESS OUR WHOLEHEARTED
SUPPORT OF YOUR USE OF FEDERAL TROOPS IN DEALING WITH
THE DISGRACEFUL LITTLE ROCK CRISIS. WE FEEL YOU HAVE FULL
AUTHORITY AS OUR COMMANDER IN CHIEF TO USE FEDERAL TROOPS
TO PREVENT LOCAL INTERFERENCE FOR DEFIANCE TO AN ORDER
OF THE FEDERAL COURT. YOU UNDOUBTEDLY HAVE OVERWHELMING

Acknowledged

The White House
Washington

1957 SEP 25 PM 2 00

SUPPORT AND APPROVAL THROUGHOUT THE LAND RESPECTFULLY
FRANK AND HELEN LINDGREN 2707 ROSE STREET.

G.F.

*174-11-1
School - M*

October 1, 1957

Dear Mr. May:

The President has asked me to thank you for your letter in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter as well as the full text of the telegram that the President sent to Senator Russell.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Armand May
P. O. Box 4056
Atlanta 2
Georgia

Enclosures

C.F.

ARMAND MAY
P O Box 4056
ATLANTA 2, GEORGIA

September 24th
19 57

The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Friends:

Realizing that the President is unable to read the many letters that come, may I express my appreciation of the President's stand in the Little Rock affair?

The Supreme Court has rendered its opinion but it is now up to "we the people" to bring about a solution, - certainly a solution where there is not a repetition of the War Between The States, so to speak. This would not be in keeping with the tradition of compromise and certainly it would be opportune to call together the responsible leadership of the Whites and the Negroes and in so doing leave out the NAACP and the preachers of misunderstanding for political purposes, being fostered by the politicians.

The situation in Little Rock was caused by the Governor's own behavior and upon his shoulders rests the high responsibility. But this doesn't change the fact that if we get together there is a possibility of finding a formula that will dispose of this in the interest of all concerned, both the White and the Colored.

From what I can see we have segregation whether we like it or not among our own society and there must be a realization on both sides that equality under the law and equal opportunity for all is our purpose.

The great Seal of Georgia has the motto--"WISDOM - MODERATION - JUSTICE," so let's have some wisdom, let's have some moderation and let's do justice.

Faithfully yours,

AM/tg

G.F.

*12-4-1957
Solomon's*

October 1, 1957

Dear Mr. Solomon:

The President has asked me to thank you for your telegram in which you expressed your view concerning his actions with respect to Little Rock.

I am enclosing the full text of the President's address on this matter.

Sincerely,

Gerald D. Morgan
Special Counsel to the President

Mr. Edward Solomon
1332 Newton Street
Los Angeles
California

Enclosure

gls

100-443886-10

CE

Acknowledged

1957 SEP 25 AM 4 21

EDWARD SOLOMON 1332 NEWTON ST LOS ANGELES CALIFORNIA.

G.K.

*124-4-1
General T*

30 September 57

DJC/Bib
GENERAL

Colonel Palmer:

Referred to the DA for appropriate handling.

Incl - box of insignia and medals

COPY

4 Louis Road
Framingham, Mass.

Enclosed are my Amy decorations which until yesterday I was very proud of. Today I am ashamed I ever wore them. I can assure you that if I had ever dreamed that American troops would be used against American people to deprive them of their rights for which I gave up over 3 years of my life to defend, that I would never have volunteered to defend my country. I can assure you I will never voluntarily again lift a finger to defend it. If the events you have brought about in Little Rock, Hungary continue then God help democracy.

I would appreciate your throwing these enclosed articles in the garbage for me.

/s/ Alfred E. Turner

COPY

WIDE
OUT THE

2EB 30 5 55 PM '57

DECLASSIFIED

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

ROUTE SLIP

(To Remain With Correspondence)

TO Colonel Schulz

PROMPT HANDLING IS ESSENTIAL.
WHEN DRAFT REPLY IS REQUESTED
THE BASIC CORRESPONDENCE MUST
BE RETURNED. IF ANY DELAY IN
SUBMISSION OF DRAFT REPLY IS
ENCOUNTERED, PLEASE TELEPHONE
OFFICE OF THE STAFF SECRETARY.


Date September 28, 1957

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

ACTION: Comment _____
Draft reply _____
For direct reply _____
For your information _____
For necessary action _____
For appropriate handling ☒ _____
See below _____

Remarks:

By direction of the President:


A. J. GOODPASTER
Staff Secretary

GE.

1 October 1957

RECEIVED
OCT-2 1957
at N. H. H.

Colonel Palmer:

Referred to Department of the Army
for appropriate handling.

Inclosures -- Flag of the United States,
a bag containing medals, and a certificate
"In grateful memory of Private First Class
Edwin F. Godwin.....".

DISPATCHED

OCT 1 9 22 AM '57
OFFICE OF THE
MILITARY AIDE

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

ROUTE SLIP

(To Remain With Correspondence)

TO Colonel Schulz

PROMPT HANDLING IS ESSENTIAL.
WHEN DRAFT REPLY IS REQUESTED
THE BASIC CORRESPONDENCE MUST
BE RETURNED. IF ANY DELAY IN
SUBMISSION OF DRAFT REPLY IS
ENCOUNTERED, PLEASE TELEPHONE
OFFICE OF THE STAFF SECRETARY.

Date September 30, 1957

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

ACTION: Comment _____
Draft reply _____
For direct reply _____
For your information _____
For necessary action _____
For appropriate handling X _____
See below _____

Remarks: _____

By direction of the President:

A. J. Goodpastor
A. J. GOODPASTER
Staff Secretary
flm

4341 Kimbrell Rd
Memphis, Tenn.
Sept. 25, 1957

Mr. President,

I am enclosing the presidential scroll and burial flag issued at my father's death, after service in Africa, Italy and Europe. He died believing he was defending a sacred way of life, where one could disagree or express one's opinion, privately or publicly, where one could school their children where they chose and with their own mind, if they chose, without fear of civil or criminal proceedings and especially forced at the point of a federal

begun to yield to federal pressure in local matters.

Also enclosed are mementos acquired by myself in war and in peace. Five members of this family bled in war - one died.

Now, I say, "For what?" To see federal policies enforced at the point of a gun. Policies, not based on law or precedent, but on sociological views of nine political appointees. This use of federal meddling in local affairs and use of Armed troops to force an issue is both repulsive and nauseating.

Your actions are not com.

sistent with certain public
statements by you. Now sir,
I say to you that you are
a hypocrite or a deliberate
liar!

If ever one of your glorified
"dog-faced soldiers" ever point
a gun at me, he had better
jolly well be prepared to
pull the trigger.

I am returning these
articles because I want
nothing to show that I was
ever part of the U. S. Armed
Forces now that they have
been used against our own
people to satisfy political

Ambitions. It happened in Hungary,
but I did not think I would
ever see it here. The degree
of similarity doesn't matter, the
principle is the same.

I cannot find words to
express my contempt for you
and your whole administration.
It sickens me to think when
all this will end.

History has shown that
dictators cannot forever stand.
If necessary, the people will
eventually fight back with
sticks and stones. Many will
die, but they will nevertheless
fight.

(over) J.W. Goddard

Mr. Adams—

Since this letter is
not addressed to you
then do not waste your
time or mine with your
routine polite answer.

J. W. G.

RECEIVED
SEP 30 5 17 PM '57
OFFICE OF THE
MILITARY AIDE

124. A-1
 Robert C. Dickman

NOTE SLIP

TO: [illegible]

It is essential that a reply be received within the time specified. ANY DELAY IN SUBMISSION OF A REPLY IS ENCOUNTERED. PLEASE TELEPHONE OFFICE OF THE STAFF SECRETARY.

Date October 1, 1957

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

ACTION:

- Comment
- Draft reply
- For direct reply
- For your information
- For necessary action
- For appropriate handling
- See below

Remarks:

Letter of 9/10/57 to the P from A. B. Paul, Dover, N. J., regarding his medals and citations and suggests they be presented to the 101st Airborne Div.

By direction of the President

Handwritten signature

A. J. GOODPASTER
 Staff Secretary

Letter of 9/10/57 from Bill Denman, Chicago, Ill., regarding his medals and citations and suggests they be presented to the 101st Airborne Div.

DENMAN

x GF148

Handwritten mark

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

ROUTE SLIP
(To Remain With Correspondence)

G.F.

124-A-1-Sch
Arkansas
B

CENTRAL FILE

TO Department of Defense

PROMPT HANDLING IS ESSENTIAL.
WHEN DRAFT REPLY IS REQUESTED
THE BASIC CORRESPONDENCE MUST
BE RETURNED. IF ANY DELAY IN
SUBMISSION OF DRAFT REPLY IS
ENCOUNTERED, PLEASE TELEPHONE
OFFICE OF THE STAFF SECRETARY.

Date October 1, 1957

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

ACTION: Comment _____
Draft reply _____
For direct reply _____
For your information _____
For necessary action _____
For appropriate handling ☒ _____
See below _____

Remarks: _____

GPO 16-71264-1

Ltr of 9/28/57 to the P from Oscar L. Brown, 1840 Spearing St., Jacksonville 6, Fla.; in protest re P's action in sending Federal troops to Little Rock, returns his medals and ribbons to be presented to Gen. Walker of the 101st Airborne Div.; also encl newspaper articles, religious leaflet, and 5 letters thanking him for political support in Presidential campaign.
XGF:48
elb

By direction of the President:

A. J. GOODPASTER
Staff Secretary